



Agenda Item A.2
CONSENT CALENDAR
Meeting Date: February 4, 2020

TO: Mayor and Councilmembers

FROM: Luke Rioux, Finance Director
Tony Gonzalez, Accounting Manager

SUBJECT: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

RECOMMENDATION:

Accept the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2019.

BACKGROUND:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Goleta (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, has been prepared by the City's Finance Department and complies with principles and standards for financial reporting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the authoritative body establishing U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for local governments, and was audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent public accounting firm of licensed certified public accountants, Moss, Levy, and Hartzhiem, LLP (MLH).

While only certain financial statements and schedules are required by state law, other information and elements are needed for consideration of an award for excellence in financial reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), which recognizes the highest standards of financial reporting. As such, the expanded financial statements and other information included in the report are collectively referred to as a CAFR. In addition to allowing the CAFR to be considered for the GFOA award for financial reporting, the financial statements are expanded to enable the community and other interested parties to obtain a better and more complete understanding of the City's finances and operations.

These reports consist of management representations concerning the finances of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. The City received the highest audit opinion, an unmodified opinion, which is located in the CAFR Financial Section in the Independent Auditor's Report, provided in Attachment 1. An unmodified opinion indicates that the financial statements fairly present the financial position of the City of Goleta as of June 30, 2019, and the results of operations, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In addition to fund-by-fund information presented in the CAFR, also included are government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position that provides information about the City as a whole, including infrastructure and long-term liability and a Statement of Activities, which illustrates the cost of providing government services.

In summary, the CAFR is organized in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical.

The *Introductory* section includes this transmittal memorandum and general information on the City's government structure and services provided. It includes a list of principal officials, an organizational chart, and the Government Finance Officers Associations (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the prior fiscal year.

The *Financial* section contains the independent auditor's report on the financial statement audit, the Management Discussion & Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and combining and individual fund presentations and supplementary information.

The *Statistical* section includes selected financial and demographic information generally presented on a multi-year basis. This information includes financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographics and economic and operating information.

As part of the audit, MLH also reviewed and performed tests of the City's internal accounting control procedures to determine if there are any material weaknesses or instances of non-compliance. Based on the audit, no instances of non-compliance or material weaknesses were noted. However, during the review of internal controls over financial reporting, one comment and recommendation was reflected in the Auditor's Letter of Government Auditing Standards (Attachment 2). During the audit, MLH noted a significant deficiency in internal controls over financial reporting related to the Library's fines and fees receipting system not exporting to the City's financial system and reports not being produced that would allow individual receipts to be traced all the way through both systems. They recommended the City should work with the Library system to create a report or process that would allow individual receipts to be matched up with the actual deposits and general ledger entries.

City staff has already begun the process of reviewing its reconciliation method and available reporting options with both the Polaris Integrated Library System (Polaris) and library register that will allow individual receipts to match up with actual deposits made to the bank and reconcile with general ledger entries.

The receipts and reports currently supplied with the deposit package to the Finance Department only summarize the total amounts. The updated process will include Library staff attaching an itemized report from the Polaris system and an itemized transaction receipt from the library register to the deposit package. The deposit package will be given to the Finance Department for bank processing and posting to the general ledger. The additional reports and receipts will allow the individual library fees and charges to be easily traced to the exact deposit made with the bank. The Polaris system accounts for

library late fees and lost items. The library register accounts for all transactions, including Polaris transactions, donations, book sales, copies, room rentals, and other miscellaneous items.

The Single Audit was not required this fiscal year due to the City not meeting the threshold amount of federal grant fund expenditures of \$750,000 or more in FY 2018/19. The City expended approximately \$497,704 and has notified the California State Controller's Office of the exempt status this fiscal year.

DISCUSSION:

CAFR Financial Overview

This year's audit resulted in no audit adjustments to the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, the City's net position totaled \$239,994,023, an increase of approximately 3.8% from the prior year of \$231,275,718. The overall increase is primarily due to an increase of cash and investments and a decrease of long-term liabilities, which includes a reduction of \$1,775,941 related to the Successor Agency's settlement agreement payment schedule. Additional information can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the CAFR, provided in Attachment 1.

The City's overall total revenues from all sources equaled \$42,863,121, which was an increase of approximately 8.4% or \$39,534,737 from previous fiscal year. This increase is primarily due to higher than anticipated tax related revenue, such as Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT), and investment income. Of the City's total net position, approximately \$14.8 million is unrestricted and thus may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations, subject to applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

General Fund Highlights

During the City's 17th full fiscal year, the General Fund reported total revenues of \$30,001,148 and total expenditures of \$25,434,707, resulting reduced expenditures over revenues of \$4,566,441, with expenditures of \$937,427 being for capital projects. The excess revenues over expenditures was primarily the result of special and capital projects not completed that will be carried over to the next fiscal year.

TOT continues to be the largest General Fund revenue source at approximately 35.6% of total General Fund revenues, with \$11.6 million collected in FY 18/19. Property Tax is the second largest revenue source at approximately 24.8% and collected approximately \$7.4 million. Sales Tax is the City's third largest General Fund revenue source at approximately 23.3% of total General Fund revenues at approximately \$7.0 million. The City enjoys a diverse Sales Tax base which is not heavily reliant on any one sector. These three funding sources accounted for 86.6% of total General Fund revenues, and totaled approximately \$30.0 million, an increase of 9.1% in comparison to prior year.

General Fund – Fund Balance

The City continues to maintain sound fiscal integrity and healthy reserves, based upon conservative, prudent, and diligent efforts by the City Council and City Manager. The General Fund's total ending fund balance was \$24,092,098 as of June 30, 2019. The ending fund balance amount was more than the final budget projection by \$3,354,709, as a result of higher than projected revenues, and less than anticipated expenditure activity recognized by all departments, special projects and capital projects. Special projects and capital projects will continue to be programmed in the next fiscal year. The fund balance categories and amounts at year-end are displayed below:

Fund Balance:	
Non-spendable	
Prepaid Items	\$ 126,660
Committed	10,468,732
Assigned	5,351,819
Unassigned	8,144,887
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$ 24,092,098</u>

When comparing the total audited ending fund balance of \$24,092,098 to the estimated ending fund balance amount of \$24,116,794 provided to City Council in September 2019 during the 4th Quarter Financial Review (Unaudited), the amount is slightly lower by approximately \$24,696. The difference is attributable to a reduction of encumbrances and increases to the unassigned fund balance.

Included in the General Fund's fund balance categories, are City Council's established fiscal reserve policies for funding Compensated Absences, Risk Management, Equipment Acquisition and Replacement, Building Maintenance, Street Maintenance, Litigation Defense reserves and a Contingency Reserve set at a minimum of 33% of total budgeted ongoing operating expenditures, in which for FY 2018/19 this amount was set at \$8,276,632. These reserve policy amounts are reflected in the "Committed" category. In addition, the City maintains reserves of \$170,000 assigned for the CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) and \$333,500 assigned for other-postemployment benefits (OPEB) UAL. The City Manager has also approved other assigned fund balance category amounts, which include carryovers of unexpended funds of \$2,102,961 for special projects and purchase order obligations and \$2,745,358 related to capital improvement projects. The carryover amounts for special projects and capital projects were finalized in October and have since been included in the FY 2019/20 budget. Fund balances were adjusted accordingly and reported in the First Quarter Financial Report on December 3, 2019. All remaining fund balance is placed in Unassigned Fund Balance, which stands at \$8,144,887 at fiscal year-end June 30, 2019.

Gann Spending Limit

Each fiscal year the City Council adopts the Gann Appropriations Limit by resolution during the budget adoption process, which establishes a maximum amount for tax-funded government services. The Gann Appropriations Limit calculation is then reviewed by the City's external audit firm as part of the annual audit process. As of June 30, 2019, the City had not reached its Article XIIIB spending limitation. For FY 2018/19 this limit was \$52,932,069, with total annual appropriations subject to this limit being \$23,222,565. The Independent Auditor's Report on the Gann Spending Limit calculation can be viewed in Attachment 4.

Other Information

The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 16th consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Staff believes that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and staff has submitted it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The entire CAFR is available for viewing at City Hall, on the City's website, and has been distributed to the City Council.

FINANCE COMMITTEE REVIEW:

The Finance and Audit Standing Committee met to review the CAFR and audited financial statements on December 18, 2019.


FISCAL IMPACTS:

There is no fiscal impact associated with this item.

Reviewed By:


Kristine Schmidt
Assistant City Manager

Approved By:


Michelle Greene
City Manager

ATTACHMENTS:

1. Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for June 30, 2019
2. Auditor's Letter on Government Auditing Standards
3. Auditor's Letter to Finance and Audit Committee
4. Independent Accountant's Report on Gann Spending Limit
5. Presentation - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

ATTACHMENT 1:

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for June 30, 2019

City of Goleta

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



130 Cremona Drive, Suite B
Goleta, California 93117
www.CityofGoleta.org



CITY OF GOLETA, CALIFORNIA
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
WITH REPORT ON AUDIT
BY INDEPENDENT
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by:
Finance Department

CITY OF GOLETA

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



December 12, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Councilmembers and Citizens of the City of Goleta:

CITY COUNCIL

Paula Perotte
Mayor

Kyle Richards
Mayor Pro Tempore

Roger S. Aceves
Councilmember

Stuart Kasdin
Councilmember

James Kyriaco
Councilmember

CITY MANAGER
Michelle Greene

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Goleta (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The report was prepared by the City's Finance Department in conformance with the principles and standards for financial reporting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the authoritative body establishing U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for local governments, and was audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent public accounting firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report contains management representations concerning the finances of the City, and management assumes full responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed information is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position of the City. All disclosures necessary have been included to enable an understanding of the City's financial activities.

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's financial statements have been audited by Moss, Levy, & Hartzhiem, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the overall accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and that these statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is located starting on page 1 within the financial section of this report.

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This CAFR has been prepared using the financial reporting requirements as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. GASB 34 requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found beginning on page 3.

Organization of Report:

The report is organized in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical.

The *Introductory* section includes this transmittal memorandum and general information on the City's government structure and services provided. It includes a list of principal officials, an organizational chart, and the Government Finance Officers Associations (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

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The *Statistical* section includes selected financial and demographic information generally presented on a multi-year basis. This information includes financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographics and economic and operating information.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF GOLETA

The City of Goleta incorporated on February 1, 2002 as a General Law City under the laws of the State of California. The City of Goleta encompasses approximately 8 square miles in southern Santa Barbara County and has a population of approximately 32,759. The City is 10 miles west of the City of Santa Barbara and is approximately 90 miles northwest from Los Angeles.

Form of Government

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of four members elected at large for staggered four-year terms of office, and one Mayor elected at large to serve a two-year term. A Mayor Pro Tempore is selected by the Council from among its members to serve a one-year term. The City Council serves as the legislative and policy-making body of the City, enacting all laws and directing such actions as are required to provide for the general welfare of the community. The City Manager, appointed by the City Council, serves as the Chief Executive Officer and is responsible to the City Council for administration of all City affairs and the implementation of all policies and ordinances established by the City Council. The City Attorney serves under contract and is appointed by the City Council. All other staff are appointed by the City Manager.

City Services

The City provides municipal services through contracts for such services as street, park, and landscape maintenance. The City of Goleta also contracts with the Santa Barbara County Sheriff's Department for law enforcement services. Fire protection services are provided by Santa Barbara County Fire Department. There are 482 acres of parks and open space within City limits. The City

owns the Goleta Public Library and assumed direct management and operation of the Goleta Library starting in FY 2018/19, and created a new Library Zone 4 on behalf of the County of Santa Barbara. In December 2018, the City Council took action to pursue and assume direct management and operations of the City of Buellton and City of Solvang Libraries starting July 1, 2019.

Budget Process and Budgetary Control

The City Council adopts a two-year budget plan at the beginning of each two-year cycle in conjunction with a two-year strategic plan and adopts an annual operating and capital budget prior to July 1st of each year in conjunction with annual work programs of each of the departments. As such, the adopted two-year budget plan includes the operating and capital budget for the first year of the two-year plan. The operating and capital budget for the second year is adopted the following year as part of the mid-cycle budget review and is referred to as the Mid-Cycle Budget. The adopted budget serves as the foundation for the City of Goleta's financial planning and control system. All departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager. The City Manager uses these requests as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Council holds public hearings on the proposed budget and then ultimately adopts a formal budget. The budget is adopted by fund, department, program, and line-item.

The Council periodically reviews the City's actual financial activity in relationship to the original budget, and as necessary, adjustments are made to ensure that expenditures are not outpacing anticipated revenues. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the fund and department level with more stringent control over capital assets and fund balance categories, which are maintained at the line item level. The City Council must approve amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments as well as items related to capital assets or fund balances. The City Council has delegated authority to the City Manager to approve transfers of appropriations between programs and sections within a City department and between appropriation units (e.g., salaries and benefits, services and supplies, and capital outlay) within programs, excluding special designation or project appropriations.

Any unexpended appropriation balances for capital projects, special projects, and grant programs that lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unless adopted on a "project-length" basis, are then carried forward from year to year authorizing the City Manager to re-appropriate until authorized amounts are fully expended for the designated purpose of completing the project.

Internal Controls:

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or other misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP and GASB. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the costs of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be achieved, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of State, County, and Federal financial resources, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with

applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. The internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of the City.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

The City of Goleta is comprised of single-family homes, condominiums and apartments with a mixture of retail, light industrial, manufacturing, and service entities providing a diverse tax base for the City. Property tax, sales tax, and transient occupancy tax (TOT), comprised approximately 87% of the City's General Fund revenues for fiscal year 2018/19. The City of Goleta and its immediate vicinity provide a significant share of the South Coast and County's basic economic activity in the form of educational services, intellectual services, tourism, retail and manufacturing. The City enjoys a strong economic base resulting in stable property tax revenue, growing TOT and diverse sales tax revenues. Out of the three primary revenue sources, TOT and sales tax are heavily dependent upon visitor and consumer behaviors. Staff continues to budget conservatively, as these revenues can vary from year to year. The City had two new hotels open in the late fall of 2017, which contributed to significant TOT growth in FY 18/19.

As the City looks toward the future, Goleta continues to see an overall stable local economy. Leading economic indicators attest to the City's economic development success. The four core economic indicators that the City regularly tracks are unemployment, commercial real estate, hotel occupancy and pricing, and sales tax. Overall, these indicators continue to look positive across the board.

In terms of unemployment, Goleta's rate was at 2.1% by the end of FY 18/19, and is at its lowest level since before the Great Recession. Its annual unemployment rate for 2018 was 2.4%, down from 3.1% in 2017. Five percent unemployment is considered full employment. After the Great Recession, Goleta returned to full employment in 2012.

Commercial real estate in the first quarter of 2019 experienced an office vacancy rate of 6.8% (the lowest in more than 10 years), a retail vacancy rate of 1.9%, and an industrial vacancy rate of 5.3%. These rates were all lower than the fourth quarter 2018 rates of 8.5%, 2.25%, and 5.85% respectively.

Hotel occupancy for 2018 was slightly down from the historic highs of 2015 and 2016 but remained strong at 77%. The average daily rates for hotel rooms in Goleta are largely flat with some modest decreases in Revenues per Available Room. Overall, the hotel sector in Goleta continues to remain strong as experienced with overall TOT receipts at the end of FY 18/19. There are 10 hotels operating in the City since the addition of two new hotels at the end of 2017.

Sales tax through the fourth quarter of 2018 was approximately 1.9% higher year-over-year compared to the fourth quarter of 2017. While the City experienced the loss of a few major retailers in FY 18/19, they were replaced with similar business that will contribute to the sales tax base in the upcoming fiscal year. Staff meets quarterly with tax consultants and continues to monitor sales tax activity throughout the year.

In terms of the City's budget, the next two fiscal years continue to benefit from a period of economic growth, which resulted in increased revenues among major sources. While we remain somewhat guarded about the economy in coming years, the upcoming two-year budget plan reflects the current positive economic indicators with conservative revenue estimates. Property

tax revenues are expected to grow by more than 6% in FY 19/20 and 3% in FY 20/21 as the assessed valuation of parcels within the City grows. Sales tax is projected to remain flat in the next two fiscal years. Slower growth is anticipated due to many factors and uncertainties, including U.S. tariff and trade policies and continued growth in online sales. Additionally, with an economy based on intellectual technology rather than goods, and consumer priorities shifting to non-taxable services and experiences, sales tax no longer reflects 21st century spending. Each year therefore, the portion of the economy that is taxed, is expected to shrink. TOT is projected to increase by 6% in FY 19/20 and remain flat at 1% in FY 20/21. Overall, the City's revenues are currently able to support increased ongoing annual operating costs and rising retirement related liabilities.

Challenges

Like all government agencies throughout California, the City is faced with increased ongoing annual operating costs and rising retirement related liabilities. For Goleta, some of these challenges include increased funding needs for pavement maintenance, facility and park maintenance, new programs and departments, additional personnel, retiree health care costs, and rising pension costs due to new funding policies adopted by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). While the City has been successful over the years in balancing these issues with its strategic use of contract staffing and services, the City will continue to experience rising costs. Additionally, with the anticipation of revenues flattening overtime, coupled with ongoing growth in expenditures over the next five years, the City will be challenged. The likelihood of a recession in the near future also adds another layer of uncertainty to the General Fund's finances.

Revenue Neutrality Agreement

As part of the City's incorporation process in 2002, the City of Goleta and the County of Santa Barbara (County) entered into a Revenue Neutrality Agreement (RNA). This agreement included shared tax revenues over the first ten full fiscal years, known as the mitigation period, and tax revenue sharing in perpetuity. Over the mitigation period, the City shared an additional 20% (totaling 50%) of the 1% retail sales tax revenues normally allocable to cities, 40% of the transient occupancy tax ("TOT") on properties that in existence at the time and shared equally (50%) of property tax generated in the City. The mitigation period concluded June 30, 2012 and in perpetuity, the City continues to allocate 50% of the City's portion of property tax and 30% of the City's portion of the 1% retail sales tax to the County. Taken as a whole, the City generated approximately \$6.2 million in revenues that were paid to the County of Santa Barbara in FY 18/19 in accordance with the RNA. The receipts and payments of the RNA are not included in the CAFR document. The RNA payment to the County is projected at \$6.37 million in FY 19/20 and \$6.55 million in FY 20/21. The total contribution since City incorporation will be approximately \$128.8 million by June 30, 2021. While the City has successfully adopted a balanced budget over the years and maintain prudent reserves with the RNA in place, the City's net operating revenues will continue to be restricted and will face an ongoing challenge as costs continue to rise, and new services or programs are considered.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City incorporates long-term financial planning into its budget process in several ways. Each year, during the budget process the City Council receives an updated General Fund Five-Year Forecast and CIP Five-Year Forecast that includes all special revenue funds associated with each project. The long-term financial model used for the General Fund and CIP looks forward

five years, rather than ten years, because of the volatile nature of tax revenues in a tourist-based economy, and various one-time special revenue funds associated with development activity making it difficult to predict revenues with any certainty beyond five years. The forecast is used as a tool and maintained by Finance staff. These projections allow management to see what the future could look like given a set of assumptions and is evaluated in the context of whether decisions are sustainable over the long term.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City of Goleta has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies to provide guidance for all fiscal activities and resource allocation decisions. Some of the major financial policies the City has adopted include the Debt Management Policy, City's Investment Policy, Purchasing Policy, Capitalization Policy and Fund Balance Reserve Policies.

Debt Management Policy: The City's Debt Management Policy contains general guidelines and parameters for issuing and refunding debt, including guiding decisions related to future debt to ensure adequate financial resources are available to support the City's long-term capital needs. While the City does not have any debt as of June 30, 2019, it will look to refund the Goleta Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds in the next fiscal year due to favorable interest rates, and complete financing for acquisition of its own City Hall building.

Investment Policy: The City's Investment Policy establishes guidelines, strategies, practices, and procedures to be used in investment of public funds in accordance with California Government Code sections 53600-53610, which establish legally permitted investments for local governments statewide.

Capitalization Policy: The City's Capitalization Policy sets thresholds at \$5,000 for assets with a minimal useful life of three years while identifying fixed asset categories as either land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, furniture and equipment, motorized vehicles, and construction in progress. Additional information can be found in Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements document.

Fund Balance Reserve Policies: The City recognizes the importance of long-range planning in managing the City's fiscal affairs in order to provide for stable operations and assure the City's long-term financial health. The reserves contained in the General Fund play a pivotal role in this strategy. The reserve policies require a contingency reserve balance of a minimum of 33% of the General Fund's operating budget. Additionally, other reserve categories have been established for capital equipment, compensated leave, risk management, litigation defense, CalPERS and Other Post Employee Benefits (OPEB) unfunded accrued liability.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City continued its efforts on a number of significant initiatives in FY 2018/19 which had a beneficial effect on fiscal health and quality of life.

Personnel:

The City continues to maintain a strong and effective workforce of approximately 74.93 full-time equivalent (FTEs) positions in FY 2018/19, an increase of 1.25 FTE's from FY 2017/18. Personnel changes were made to various departments, including a new position added to the

Finance Department to provide additional budgetary and financial support to other departments, and an additional Maintenance Worker 1 position in Public Works to assist primarily with street maintenance needs. Other personnel changes included adjusting FTE's for the use of a contract City Attorney rather than in-house City Attorney, resulting in budget savings and increased access to legal services. Reclassifications were also evaluated in several departments and were adopted in the Library and Neighborhood Services and Public Safety departments. Shortly after fiscal year end, the City Council had received its operational organizational assessment of the City Manager's Office and Neighborhood Services and Public Safety Department, which will be implemented late FY 2019/20.

City Council Updates

In a first for the City of the Goleta, the November 2018 election included a race for a directly elected Mayor, which since incorporation had been selected by the City Council for a one-year term and rotated among the Council members. Goleta residents voted for Paula Perotte to serve as Mayor for two-year term. Additionally, two councilmember seats were on the ballot for a four-year term, and were filled by incumbent Roger Aceves and newcomer James Kyriaco.

Additionally, the November 2018 election included Measure W2018, which asked voters if the annual City Council salary should be raised to 75% of the non-family median income of City of Goleta residents (according to the US Census Bureau), and if the Mayor's salary should be raised to 90%, and adjusted annually beginning in December 2020, in an effort to increase public involvement in City activities and expand the pool of candidates for City elections. The voters approved Measure W2018, which became effective in December 2018. FY 2019/20 will be the first full fiscal year the City will experience this adjustment.

Starting in November 2022, the City Council will shift to district elections, and will be elected by district, instead of citywide voting. At that time, each Councilmember will be required to live within their particular district, thereby limiting the pool of potential candidates for each office, and ensuring competitive elections, a broader pool of candidates and enhanced citizen participation in government.

Cannabis Business Tax and Cannabis Business License Program

The City has a potential new funding source due to the passing of a Cannabis Business Tax (Measure Z2018) that voters approved in the November 2018 election. This measure established a tax on cannabis business operations within city limits. The measure subjects cannabis businesses to a maximum tax rate of ten percent on gross receipts of cannabis sales based on classifications and is a general tax. Due to considerable variations, including the number and types of issued licenses, pricing, and productivity of operators, staff did not program or include any forecasted amount of cannabis business tax revenues during this year's budget cycle. At the time of preparing the FY 2019/20 and 2020/21 two-year budget plan, there were no taxable cannabis businesses operating. Based on industry trends, the amount of revenue that can be generated ranged from approximately \$334,000 to \$1.4 million. Once information is known and the City can anticipate revenues being available, staff will begin to include estimates conservatively in the budget process.

Library Management Services

On July 1, 2018, the City assumed direct management of the Goleta Library which was previously operated and managed by the City of Santa Barbara on behalf of the County of

Santa Barbara within what is referred to as Zone 1. When Goleta took responsibility for its own library, it created a new Zone 4. On December 18, 2018, the City Council directed staff to assume management and operations of the Buellton and Solvang Libraries starting on July 1, 2019. Starting in FY 19/20, the Solvang and Buellton libraries will move from Zone 1 to Zone 4, shifting the administrative responsibilities from the City of Santa Barbara to the City of Goleta, resulting in additional full-time positions and part-time personnel to the City. Library services will continue to operate at status-quo levels, subject to the funding provided by the respective cities. The City's fiscal impacts for management of an additional two library branches will be offset by funding provided by the respective cities, including an administrative service fee calculated based upon a time and material survey model, to recover support staff costs. This amount is estimated at \$35,382 for each library branch, for a total of \$70,764. The management fees in future years are subject to annual adjustments due to increases in labor and benefit rates or time and materials costs.

Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency – Settlement Agreement

In September of 2018, the City entered into a settlement agreement with the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency (RDA), California Department of Finance (DOF), and County of Santa Barbara Auditor-Controller, related to resolving litigation involving former RDA 2011 tax allocation bond (TAB) proceeds of approximately \$16 million used for the first phase of the San Jose Creek Channel Capacity and Fish Passage Improvements Project. The settlement agreement totaled \$6.4 million, with a repayment schedule over seven years, resulting in an annual payment of approximately \$776,000 through June 30, 2025 to the Successor Agency, which then will transfer the same amount to the Auditor-Controller for distribution to the tax entities. This will temporarily affect the City's net operating revenue annually through fiscal year 2025. The City does have the option to pay off this balance early and may do so without penalty. It should be noted that the City and Successor Agency have begun the process of refunding the 2011 TABs in FY 2019/20.

Capital Improvement Program and Special Projects

The City is currently underway with numerous significant capital improvement projects. The Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget totaled approximately \$55 million in FY 2018/19. The City's Public Works and Neighborhood Services and Public Safety (NSPS) departments completed several improvement projects by the end of FY 2018/19, including Jonny D. Wallis Park, the Cathedral Oaks Interchange Landscaping Project, the Fairview Avenue Sidewalk Infill at Stow Canyon Project, the Crosswalk at South Kellogg Avenue, the Orange Avenue Parking Lot and Traffic Signal Repairs – Hollister Kellogg Intersection. Additionally, the City adopted its Bicycle/Pedestrian Master Plan (BPMP), which will facilitate the development of an integrated bicycle system throughout Goleta with connections to other regional bike systems.

Projects that began in FY 2018/19 or in prior years which are expected to be completed in FY 2019/20 include the City Hall Purchase and Improvements, Improvements to the Athletic Field at the Goleta Community Center, Hollister Class 1 Bike Lane (Notice of Completion to be filed in January 2020), the Crosswalk Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon (PHB) on Calle Real near Encina Road, the Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB) Improvements at Chapel/PHB at Kingston, the LED Street Lighting Project, the Old Town Sidewalk Improvement Project, Fairview Avenue/US 101 Intersection Sidewalk Infill, and San Jose Creek Emergency Channel Repair. Other major projects expected to be completed in FY 2019/20 include Annual Pavement Rehabilitation Project – Cathedral Oaks (aka FY 17/18 Pavement Rehabilitation Project, the Notice of Completion was filed on September 17, 2019), Cathedral Oaks Road Structural

X

Section Repair, Access Ramp Relocation – Gato & Mallard Ave., Traffic Signal Repairs – Fairview Avenue and Encina Road, and the TIGER grant phase for the Hollister Complete Streets Corridor Plan.

Additionally, the City is committed to projects that support community vitality and enhance recreational opportunities and will continue work on the Parks, Facilities and Playgrounds Master Plan (Parks Master Plan). The Parks Master Plan will create a roadmap for upgrades, expansions and potential additions to the City park system to meet current and future community needs for parks, open space and urban respite areas that contribute to the public health. The Parks Master plan is anticipated to be completed in FY 2019/20. The City also plans to complete the Goleta Traffic Safety Study (GTSS), which will address ongoing safety concerns for eleven specific corridors in the City and identify locations which are experiencing unusually high pedestrian and bicycle collisions, what roadway features are contributing to these collisions and where similar characteristics occur in identified corridors.

Significant grants were awarded to the City in FY 2018/19. These grants included Measure A regional program funding totaling approximately \$1.3 million from Santa Barbara County Association of Governments (SBCAG), which will go toward San Jose Creek Multipurpose Path – Middle Extent, Hollister Class 1 Bike Path Lighting, Storke Road/Hollister Ave Transit, Bike/Ped and Median Improvements, and Crosswalk at Calle Real/Fairview Center – Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon. In addition, a \$14 million Cycle 4 Active Transportation Program (ATP) grant was awarded for the San Jose Creek Multipurpose Path. This path will remove barriers and gaps in the regional network extending from the County of Santa Barbara’s new multipurpose path and bridge in the north, under US 101, Union Pacific Railroad, through Old Town Goleta, across San Jose Creek and under SR 217 connecting to Goleta Beach and the Coast Route providing access to UC Santa Barbara and the City of Santa Barbara to the east. At the end of FY 2018/19, the City approved the terms of a grant agreement with the California Coastal Conservancy of \$3.9 million for management and restoration of the monarch butterfly habitats on Ellwood Mesa. These funds will be used to support the City in implementing the Monarch Butterfly Habitat Management Plan (MBHMP), thereby improving habitat conditions to ensure long-term viability of the monarch butterfly population at Ellwood Mesa while reducing the fiscal impact that would otherwise have on the City’s General Fund.

Additional information on the City’s capital and special projects for FY 2019/20 can be found in City’s Two-Year Budget Plan (available on the City’s website www.cityofgoleta.org).

OTHER INFORMATION

Spending Limitation

Article XIII B of the California Constitution, also known as the Gann spending limit, restricts the amount of “proceeds of taxes” California governments may spend. As of June 30, 2019, the City had not reached its Article XIII B spending limitation of \$52,932,069.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We are very proud of this CAFR and all of the City’s award-winning financial reporting publications. Each publication has been prepared with great care and expertise with a goal of meeting the highest level of financial reporting preparation standards.

GFOA Financial Reporting Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Goleta, California for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 16th consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Staff believes that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and staff will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

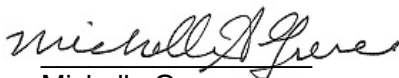
GFOA Budget Presentation Award

The GFOA also awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Distinguished Budget Presentation to the City of Goleta for its Operating and Capital Budgets for fiscal years 2016/17 and 2017/18. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as a financial plan, as an operations guide, and as a communication device. This award is valid for a period of two years only.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this CAFR and its timely issuance could not have been accomplished without the hard work and team effort of the Finance Department. We also wish to express appreciation to all other City departments that provided assistance in its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,


Michelle Greene
City Manager


Luke Rioux
Finance Director

City of Goleta

Organizational Chart by Function



City of Goleta

List of Principal Officials Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

CITY COUNCIL

Paula Perotte, Mayor
Kyle Richards, Mayor Pro Tempore
Roger Aceves, Councilmember
Stuart Kasdin, Councilmember
James Kyriaco, Councilmember

CITY MANAGER

Michelle Greene

CITY ATTORNEY

Michael Jenkins

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

Vyto Adomaitis, Neighborhood Services & Public Safety Director
Winnie Cai, Assistant City Attorney
Charlie Ebeling, Public Works Director
Allison Gray, Library Director
Kelly Hoover, Community Relations Manager
Peter Imhof, Planning & Environmental Review Director
Deborah Lopez, City Clerk
Todd Mitchell, Human Resources/Risk Manager
Luke Rioux, Finance Director
Kristine Schmidt, Assistant City Manager
Lt. Brian Thielst, Chief of Police



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to

**City of Goleta
California**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council of the City of Goleta
Goleta, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Goleta, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Goleta, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12, the budgetary information on pages 51 through 55, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability on page 56, the schedule of pension contributions on page 57, the schedule of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios on page 58, and the schedule of OPEB contributions on page 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Goleta's basic financial statements. The introductory section, statistical section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the fiduciary fund statement of changes in assets and liabilities are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the fiduciary fund statement of changes in assets and liabilities are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, nonmajor funds budgetary comparison schedules, and the fiduciary funds statement of changes in assets and liabilities are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Goleta's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moss, Remy & Hargreaves LLP

Santa Maria, California
December 12, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as required supplementary information for the benefit of the readers of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

This discussion and analysis of the City of Goleta's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The City encourages readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal found on pages iii - xv, and the accompanying basic financial statements found on pages 13 -24 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the end of fiscal year 2019, the City's net position totaled \$239,994,023, an increase of approximately 3.8% from the prior year. The increase in net position is primarily due to an increase of Cash and Investments and a decrease of long-term liabilities, which includes a reduction of \$1,775,941 of the Successor Agency settlement agreement. Additional information can be found in the Summary of Net Position section.
- Of the total net position, approximately \$14.8 million is unrestricted and thus may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations.
- The City's total revenue equaled \$42,863,121, an increase of \$3,328,384 or approximately 8.4% over the \$39,534,737 from last year, primarily related its program revenue, due to large grants received in fiscal year 2019. The City's general revenues experienced an increase of 12.9% primarily related to its sales tax and transient occupancy taxes collected.
- The General Fund reported excess revenues over expenditures of \$4,566,441 with expenditures of \$937,427 being for capital projects. This was primarily the result of special and capital projects carried over to the next fiscal year.
- The General Fund had an ending fund balance of \$24,092,098, which was an increase of \$4,589,623 from the \$19,502,475 fund balance last year. There is a balance of \$10,468,732 committed to meet the City's reserve policies, which decreased \$248,731 from the \$10,717,463 balance from last year. Capital Improvement Project funding reserve accounts for \$2,745,358 of the \$5,351,819 assigned fund balance. There is also \$2,102,961 assigned to continuing encumbrances, \$170,000 assigned to pension benefits and \$333,500 assigned to other post-employment benefits, and \$8,144,887 of unassigned fund balance, which has increased by \$3,858,712 in comparison to last year at \$4,286,175.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report contains the City's Basic Financial Statements, which includes three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities that provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and allow a longer-term view of the City's finances. The Fund Financial Statements illustrate how City services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. They also report the City's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Financial Statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This report contains various references to the section of notes, that provides additional information on the information described.

Reporting the City as a Whole: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position, the difference between assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Consideration should also be given to other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax bases and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about these Governmental activities, including General Government, Community Development, Community Services (Planning and Environmental Review and Neighborhood Services), Public Safety, and Public Works. Property Tax, Sales Tax, Transient Occupancy Tax and Franchise Tax finance approximately 67% of these activities.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds: Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Included are the General Fund, Goleta Transportation Improvement Program (GTIP), Park Development Impact Fees (Park DIF), Public Administration Facilities Development Impact Fees, Active Transportation Program, as well as lesser funds reported collectively as Other Governmental Funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law, however, the City establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for specified purposes or to demonstrate that the City is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City currently has just one type of fund, governmental, which uses the following accounting approach.

Governmental Funds focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for future appropriation. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds are reported using an accounting method known as modified accrual accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period while expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred.

The Governmental Fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds are described in the reconciliation schedules accompanying the Fund Financial Statements.

The City as Trustee: Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain amounts held on behalf of the Successor Agency to the Goleta Redevelopment Agency, developers, property owners, and others. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Fiduciary Fund Statements. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Summary of Net Position

The analysis focuses on the net position (See Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental activities. The City does not have any business type activities. Table 1 below summarizes the Statement of Net Position for Governmental Activities as of June 30, 2019, with comparative totals as of June 30, 2018. As previously stated, the net position at year end serves as a useful indicator over time whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

Table 1
Summary of Net Position
As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 61,573,694	\$ 55,646,474
Capital assets	191,612,268	189,886,349
Total Assets	253,185,962	245,532,823
Deferred outflow of resources		
Deferred pension	1,669,455	1,965,175
Deferred OPEB	275,485	
Total Deferred outflow of resources	1,944,940	1,965,175
Liabilities	4,917,184	4,930,987
Long Term Liabilities:		
Due in one year	870,790	1,352,373
Due in more than one year	9,159,787	9,587,107
Total Liabilities	14,947,761	15,870,467
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred pension	119,490	140,036
Deferred OPEB	69,628	211,777
Total Deferred inflow of resources	189,118	351,813
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	191,612,268	189,886,349
Restricted	33,603,171	34,623,415
Unrestricted	14,778,584	6,765,954
Total Net Position	\$ 239,994,023	\$ 231,275,718

As shown in Table 1, at June 30, 2019 the City's net position totaled \$239,994,023, an increase of \$8,718,305 or approximately 3.8% in comparison to prior year. The change in the net position can be caused by all elements of the financial statement, which include the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows

of resources. Assets can primarily be affected by the cash and investments. In this fiscal year, large grants receipts and rising interest rates positively affected the net position compared to the prior year. Secondly, Deferred outflow of resources were impacted by the addition of deferred other postemployment benefits (OPEB) compared to the prior fiscal year. Thirdly, the net position is affected by liabilities. While most of the liabilities such as accounts payable and accrued salaries remain the same, the noncurrent liabilities significantly changed. Total liabilities of \$14,947,761 experienced an overall decrease of \$922,706, or approximately 6%. This is primarily due to payment of \$1,775,941 reducing the liability related to settlement agreement the City and Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency entered into early fiscal year 2018/19, in which more information can be found starting in Note 5 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. Additionally, there was a slight reduction of the net pension liability, which was due to revised calculations of the additions and deletions based on updated actuarial information. The City's proportionate share of net pension liability is now at \$2,659,577 of the City's pension plan. The City also implemented GASB 75 in prior year for other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities which is similar to the provisions of GASB 68 for reporting on pensions, and had an updated OPEB roll-forward actuarial valuation for FY 18/19, resulting in growth in OPEB liabilities, now at \$2,241,108. Additional information on changes in the City's long-term liabilities can be found starting in Note 6. Additional information on the City's retirement and benefit plans can be found starting in Note 7 and Note 8.

In efforts to address pension and OPEB liabilities, the City will be setting up section 115 trusts or changing the amortization schedule to address the future impacts of pension liabilities and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities. The City has since assigned reserve funds in fund balance for these efforts, with \$333,500 assigned for OPEB and \$170,000 for pensions. Lastly, the net position is affected by the deferred inflows of resources, which currently consists of deferred pension and deferred OPEB. There were no significant changes compared to last year.

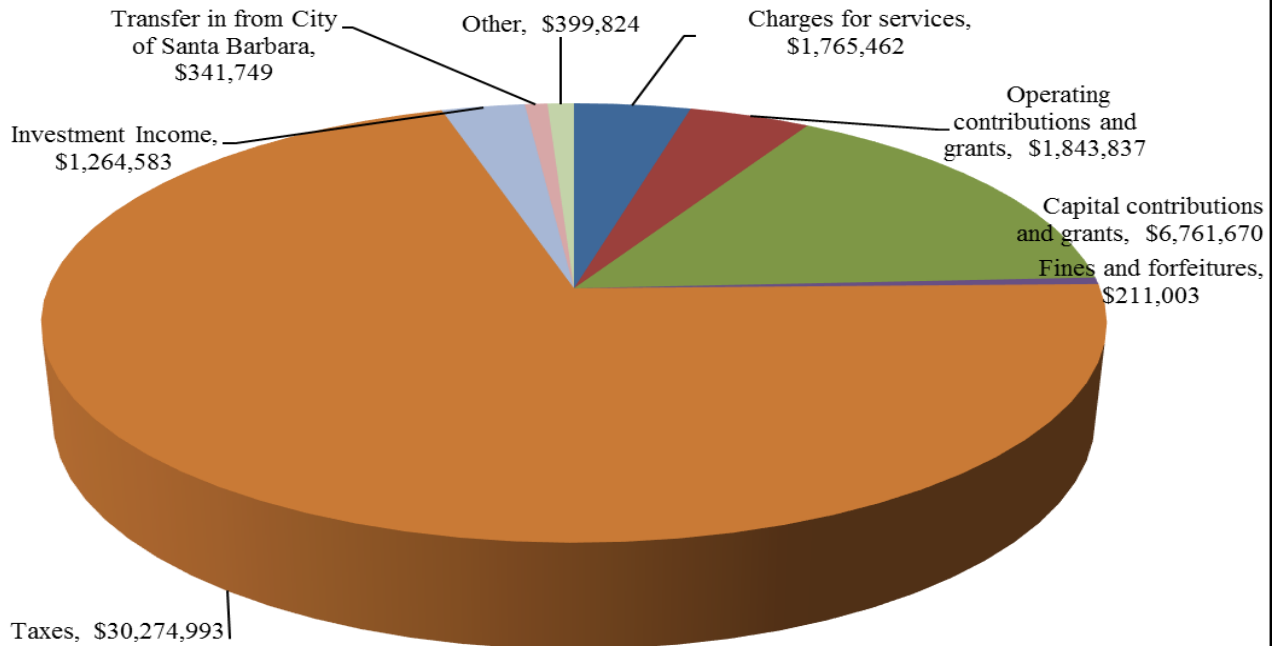
Capital assets totaled \$318,985,886 at year-end before accumulated depreciation of \$127,373,618, resulting in capital assets net of depreciation of \$191,612,268, which is an increase of approximately 1% over last year. The increase is primarily due to construction in progress. The City incurred \$7,150,441 in construction in process (not being depreciated), and completed CIP projects of \$5,671,209 that was moved over into infrastructure and buildings and improvements. Additional information can be found starting in Note 4.

<u>Asset Type</u>	
Land	\$ 36,732,401
Infrastructure and right of way	252,472,412
Construction in progress	25,193,421
Vehicles	839,447
Furniture and equipment	1,098,037
Building and improvements	<u>2,650,168</u>
Total capital assets	318,985,886
Less depreciation	<u>127,373,618</u>
Capital assets net of depreciation	<u>\$ 191,612,268</u>

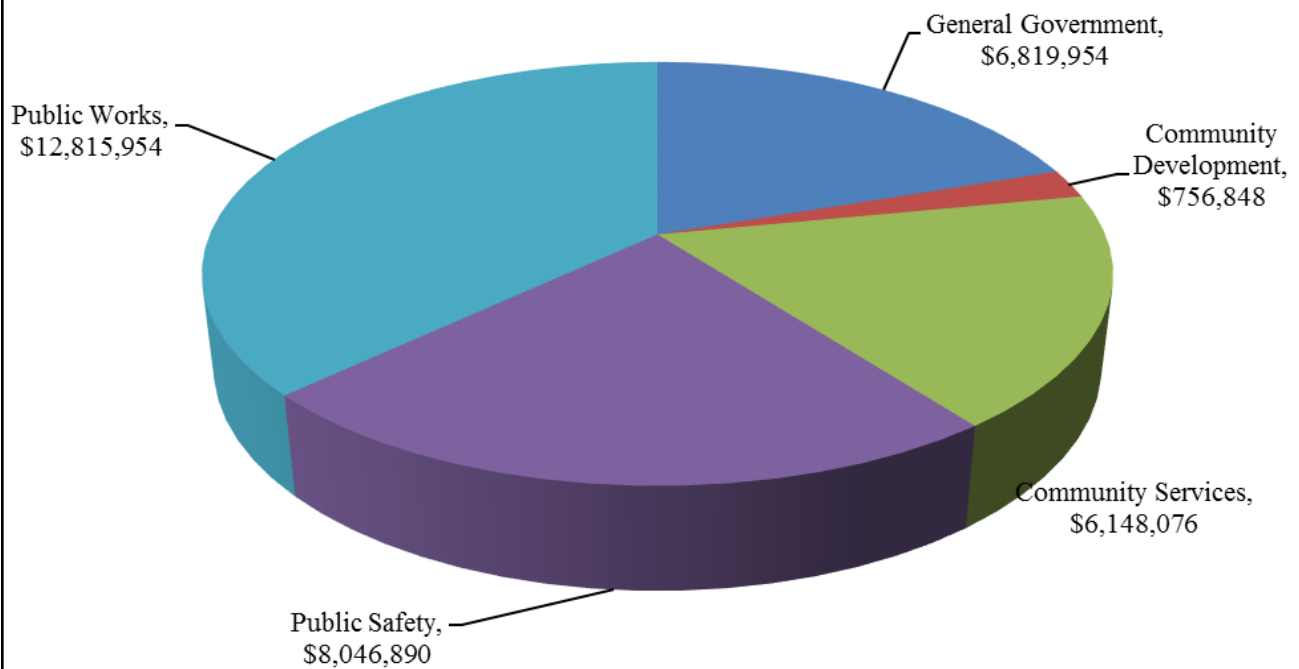
Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by legal requirements are \$13,891,718. This represents a \$7,125,764 or approximately 105% increase from prior year.

**Fiscal Year 2019 Governmental Activities
(See Table 2)**

Sources of Revenue



Functional Expense



Changes in Net Position

Table 2 below, Changes in Net Position, provides details of how the City's net position changed from the prior year. Generally, it indicates whether the financial health of the City as a whole is better or worse at June 30, 2019, in relation to a year earlier. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the total net position increased by \$8,718,305. This increase is primarily due to an increase in revenues over expenditures as transient occupancy taxes have increased, increased investment income, and the carry over of programmed expenditures of special and capital projects into the next fiscal year.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
Year Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,765,462	\$ 2,131,958
Operating contributions and grants	1,843,837	1,128,371
Capital contributions and grants	6,761,670	7,498,809
General Revenues		
Taxes:		
Property taxes levied for general purposes	6,954,616	6,504,431
Sales taxes	8,629,829	7,976,472
Transient occupancy tax	11,564,512	10,117,460
Franchise taxes	1,409,104	1,325,238
Other taxes	1,716,932	1,253,424
Fines and forfeitures	211,003	157,573
Use of money and property	1,264,583	747,399
Transfer in from City of Santa Barbara	341,749	-
Other	399,824	693,602
Total Revenues	42,863,121	39,534,737
Expenses		
General Government	6,819,954	12,562,598
Community Development	756,848	425,086
Community Services	6,148,076	5,273,153
Public Safety	8,046,890	8,582,868
Public Works	12,815,954	18,234,912
Total Expenses	34,587,722	45,078,617
Change in Net Position	8,275,399	(5,543,880)
Beginning Net Position	231,275,718	237,203,246
Prior-Period Adjustment	442,906	(383,648)
Beginning Net Position, restated	231,718,624	236,819,598
Ending Net Position	\$ 239,994,023	\$ 231,275,718

The City's total revenues were \$42,863,121 while the total cost of all programs and services was \$34,587,722. Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) of \$11,564,512 is the City's largest revenue source at approximately 27%, while Sales Taxes of \$8,629,829 is the City's second largest revenue source at approximately 20%. Property Tax of \$6,954,616 is the City's third largest revenue source at approximately 16%. These revenues fund a significant portion of the City's basic services. The City also had a prior period adjustment of \$442,906 related to the correcting a calculation of prior fiscal year deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits as calculated in the GASB 75 actuarial valuation. Additional information on the prior period adjustment can be found in Note 17.

Government Activities

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's programs, General Government, Community Development, Community Services, Public Safety, Public Works, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
General Government	\$ 6,819,954	\$ (6,786,187)
Community Development	756,848	1,324,064
Community Services	6,148,076	(4,109,559)
Public Safety	8,046,890	(7,372,193)
Public Works	12,815,954	(7,272,878)
Totals	\$ 34,587,722	\$ (24,216,753)

- General Government expenses comprise approximately 20% of the governmental expenses and include City Council, City Manager, City Clerk, City Attorney, Community Relations, Support Services, Library, Finance and Risk Management. Charges for services and other fees partially offset the cost of this program.
- Community Development and Community Services expenses comprise approximately 2% and 18%, respectively, of the governmental expenses. Related fees and charges for services partially offset the cost of this program.
- Public Safety expenses comprise approximately 23% of the governmental expenses. Revenue from fines and capital grants partially offset the cost of this program.
- Public Works expenses comprise approximately 37% of the governmental expenses. Revenues from charges for services, operating and capital contributions and grants offset the cost of this program.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

At fiscal year-end the City's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$56,616,510, an increase of \$6,060,524 over prior year. The General Fund increased \$4,589,623. The GTIP Fund experienced a decrease of \$194,290 as a result of developer impact fees collected for the year, and projects carried over from the prior fiscal year. The Park DIF Fund Balance also decreased by \$3,127,548, due to developer impact fees collected and spent for the year, which are programmed towards park related capital projects. The Public Administration Facilities DIF fund balance increased by \$344,655 due to the collection of developer impact fees. The Active Transportation Program increased \$1,275,654 due to the receipt of grants expected that were originally expected in the prior fiscal year for the Hollister Class I Bike Path project. The total of Other Governmental Funds increased by \$3,172,430 from \$7,575,948 to \$10,748,378 this fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues: Actual revenues of \$30,001,148 received came higher than the Final Budget by \$2,872,244, primarily as a result of higher property tax and transient occupancy tax receipts than originally anticipated. The City also experienced higher investment income due to rising interest rates compared to previous years. On an actual basis overall, the City experienced an approximately \$2.5 million or 9% increase in General Fund revenues. The Original Budget for General Fund revenues of \$27,100,548 was increased by \$28,356 to \$27,128,904 as part of the City's quarterly budget reviews throughout the year.

Expenditures: Actual expenditures were less than final budgeted amounts in all areas, with a positive variance of \$7,201,616. Budget savings were recognized with vacant positions, but with the majority related to special projects and capital projects, that will continue to be programmed in the next fiscal year. Less than anticipated expenditures were recognized by all departments, which includes General Government, Public Safety, Public Works and Community Services. Also, less than anticipated expenditures were recognized for Capital Outlay, which will result in carryovers of project budget balances into next fiscal year.

Appropriations: Variances between the Original and the Final budgets are primarily due to the inclusion of continuing appropriations for special projects from the prior year, as well as new allocations made by the City Council during the year.

Ending Fund Balance: The General Fund Ending Balance was \$24,092,098 as of June 30, 2019. This amount was higher than the final budget projection by \$10,074,070 as a result of the revenue and expenditure activity noted above.

Fund Balance:

Non-spendable	
Prepaid Items	\$ 126,660
Committed	10,468,732
Assigned	5,351,819
Unassigned	<u>8,144,887</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$ 24,092,098</u>

The Council has established fiscal policies for funding Compensated Absences, Risk Management, Equipment Acquisition and Replacement, Building Maintenance, Street Maintenance, and Litigation Defense reserves. These fiscal policies also specify that a minimum of 33% of total budgeted ongoing operating would be maintained as a Contingency Reserve. Based upon final budgeted General Fund expenditures and transfers, the Contingency Reserve is \$8,276,632. Additionally, the City Manager has approved the Continuing Designation of unexpended funds of \$2,102,961 assigned for special projects into the next fiscal year. Per Council direction, all remaining fund balance is to be placed in the Unassigned Fund Balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, streets, sidewalks, medians, and storm drains. The City has valued these assets at \$318,985,886 at the end of fiscal year 2019. After accumulated depreciation, the net book value of these infrastructure improvements totals \$191,612,268. (See Table 4).

Additional information on the City of Goleta's capital assets can be found in Notes 1F and Note 4.

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation)

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
Land	\$ 36,732,401
Buildings and improvements	2,650,168
Furniture and equipment	1,098,037
Vehicles	839,447
Infrastructure and right of way	252,472,412
Construction In progress	25,193,421
Depreciation	(127,373,618)
Total Fixed Assets	<u>\$ 191,612,268</u>

Long-Term Liabilities

At fiscal year-end the Long-term Liabilities reported by the City included Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), the Successor Agency Settlement Agreement, Compensated Absences, and Net Pension Liability.

Additional information on the City of Goleta's long-term liabilities can be found in Notes 1I, 1K, 1L, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

Table 5
Long-Term Liabilities

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
Compensated Absences	\$ 474,246
Successor Agency settlement agreement	4,655,646
OPEB Liability	2,241,108
Net pension liability	2,659,577
Total	<u>\$ 10,030,577</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR’S BUDGET AND RATES

The City’s primary resources (Sales Tax, Property Tax, Transient Occupancy Tax “TOT” and Franchise Fees) are all potentially affected by fluctuations in the economy. Because the top four revenue sources in the General Fund provide funding for approximately 91% of City operations, management closely and regularly monitors these tax revenues for any trends that could negatively impact the City’s financial condition. The current fiscal year 2018/19 economic indicators point to a continued regional recovery, which shows an upward trajectory in the largest tax revenue TOT, primarily due to a hotel room rates, occupancy, and full fiscal year experiencing the opening of two new hotels. Sales tax is expected to remain relatively flat, as online sales increase and the City receiving its share of the county pool.

As we look towards the future, Goleta continues to see overall economic stability. The housing market is healthy as reflected in Goleta’s property tax revenues as it’s expected to remain robust and expand due to increases in assessed valuations and increased inventory in housing. The City Council continues to place strong emphasis on prudent finance management and multi-year financial planning, with quarterly review and analysis of its cash flows to ensure the long term fiscal sustainability of the City of Goleta community and preservation of the organization as a going concern.

CONTACTING THE CITY’S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT STAFF

This financial report is designed to provide Goleta citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City’s finances and to demonstrate the City’s accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Goleta Finance Department, 130 Cremona Dr. Suite B, Goleta, California 93117 or by calling (805) 961-7500.

CITY OF GOLETA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Cash and investments	\$ 56,111,091
Receivables:	
Accounts	5,262,974
Interest	12,658
Deposit	30,256
Prepaid items	156,715
Capital assets:	
Non Depreciable:	
Land	36,732,401
Rights of way	11,395,313
Construction in progress	25,193,421
Depreciable:	
Infrastructure	241,077,099
Vehicles	839,447
Furniture and equipment	1,098,037
Buildings and improvements	2,650,168
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(127,373,618)</u>
Total assets	<u>253,185,962</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred pension	1,669,455
Deferred OPEB	<u>275,485</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>1,944,940</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	3,375,776
Accrued salaries and benefits	154,201
Retentions payable	498,099
Deposits payable	855,436
Unearned revenue	33,672
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	870,790
Due in more than one year	<u>9,159,787</u>
Total liabilities	<u>14,947,761</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred pension	119,490
Deferred OPEB	<u>69,628</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>189,118</u>
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	191,612,268
Restricted for:	
Public works	22,963,348
Community development	9,611,999
Community services	1,027,824
Unrestricted	<u>14,778,584</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 239,994,023</u></u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF GOLETA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions and Grants	Contributions and Grants	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 6,819,954	\$ 18,431	\$ 15,336	\$ -	\$ (6,786,187)
Community development	756,848	1,023,206	-	1,057,706	1,324,064
Community services	6,148,076	5,433	1,037,379	995,705	(4,109,559)
Public safety	8,046,890		150,690	524,007	(7,372,193)
Public works	12,815,954	718,392	640,432	4,184,252	(7,272,878)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 34,587,722</u>	<u>\$ 1,765,462</u>	<u>\$ 1,843,837</u>	<u>\$ 6,761,670</u>	<u>(24,216,753)</u>
General Revenues					
Taxes:					
Property taxes					6,954,616
Sales and use taxes					8,629,829
Transient lodging tax					11,564,512
Franchise taxes					1,409,104
Other taxes					1,716,932
Fines and forfeitures					211,003
Use of money and property					1,264,583
Transfer in from City of Santa Barbara					341,749
Other general revenues					<u>399,824</u>
Total general revenues					<u>32,492,152</u>
Change in net position					<u>8,275,399</u>
Net position, beginning of fiscal year					231,275,718
Prior-period adjustment					<u>442,906</u>
Net position, July 1, restated					<u>231,718,624</u>
Net position, end of fiscal year					<u>\$ 239,994,023</u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GOLETA
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET
June 30, 2019

		<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>	
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>GTIP</u>	<u>Park DIF</u>
ASSETS:			
Cash and investments	\$ 21,356,860	\$ 15,073,002	\$ 7,869,729
Receivables:			
Accounts	3,098,198	56,212	-
Interest	4,716	3,461	1,853
Deposit		30,256	-
Prepaid items	126,660	-	-
Due from other funds	2,510,424	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 27,096,858</u>	<u>\$ 15,162,931</u>	<u>\$ 7,871,582</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,080,178	\$ 339,082	\$ 34,304
Accrued salaries and benefits	134,489	-	-
Retentions payable	62,584	19,299	135,944
Deposits payable	693,837	-	-
Unearned revenue	33,672	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>3,004,760</u>	<u>358,381</u>	<u>170,248</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	126,660	-	-
Restricted	-	14,804,550	7,701,334
Committed	10,468,732	-	-
Assigned	5,351,819	-	-
Unassigned	8,144,887	-	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>24,092,098</u>	<u>14,804,550</u>	<u>7,701,334</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 27,096,858</u>	<u>\$ 15,162,931</u>	<u>\$ 7,871,582</u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

<u>Public Administration Facilities DIF</u>	<u>Active Transportation Program</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,811,500	\$ 56,111,091
-	1,508,965	599,599	5,262,974
-	-	2,628	12,658
-	-	-	30,256
-	-	30,055	156,715
-	-	-	2,510,424
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,508,965</u>	<u>\$ 12,443,782</u>	<u>\$ 64,084,118</u>
\$ -	\$ 47,408	\$ 874,804	\$ 3,375,776
-	-	19,712	154,201
-	39,142	241,130	498,099
-	-	161,599	855,436
-	-	-	33,672
<u>340,492</u>	<u>1,771,773</u>	<u>398,159</u>	<u>2,510,424</u>
<u>340,492</u>	<u>1,858,323</u>	<u>1,695,404</u>	<u>7,427,608</u>
-	40,000	-	40,000
-	40,000	-	40,000
-	-	30,055	156,715
-	-	11,067,232	33,573,116
-	-	-	10,468,732
-	-	-	5,351,819
<u>(340,492)</u>	<u>(389,358)</u>	<u>(348,909)</u>	<u>7,066,128</u>
<u>(340,492)</u>	<u>(389,358)</u>	<u>10,748,378</u>	<u>56,616,510</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,508,965</u>	<u>\$ 12,443,782</u>	<u>\$ 64,084,118</u>

CITY OF GOLETA**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	56,616,510
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In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

Capital assets at historical cost	\$	318,985,886
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Accumulated depreciation		<u>(127,373,618)</u>
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Net		191,612,268
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Certain revenues in the governmental receivables are unavailable because they cannot be used to meet current financial obligations. In the Statement of Net Position, revenues are recognized when earned.

		40,000
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Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Compensated absences payable	\$	474,246
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Successor Agency settlement agreement		4,655,646
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OPEB liability		2,241,108
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Net pension liability		<u>2,659,577</u>
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Total		(10,030,577)
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In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions and OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions and OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating:

to pensions		1,669,455
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to OPEB		275,485
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Deferred inflows of resources relating:

to pensions		(119,490)
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to OPEB		<u>(69,628)</u>
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		<u>1,755,822</u>
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Total net position - governmental activities	\$	<u><u>239,994,023</u></u>
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The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GOLETA
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds	
	General Fund	GTIP	Park DIF
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 27,327,578	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	15,336	-	-
Charges for services	1,121,319	-	-
Licenses and permits	345,157	-	-
Fine and forfeitures	211,003	-	-
Use of money and property	460,481	341,585	207,701
Developer fees	-	865,683	125,934
Donations	120,450	-	-
Other	399,824	-	-
Total revenues	<u>30,001,148</u>	<u>1,207,268</u>	<u>333,635</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	7,841,267	-	-
Public safety	7,676,138	-	-
Public works	4,036,834	94,464	-
Community development	211,435	-	462,755
Community services	4,731,606	-	-
Capital outlay	937,427	1,307,094	2,998,428
Total expenditures	<u>25,434,707</u>	<u>1,401,558</u>	<u>3,461,183</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>4,566,441</u>	<u>(194,290)</u>	<u>(3,127,548)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfer from City of Santa Barbara	-	-	-
Transfers in	23,182	-	-
Transfers out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>23,182</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	4,589,623	(194,290)	(3,127,548)
Fund balances - July 1	<u>19,502,475</u>	<u>14,998,840</u>	<u>10,828,882</u>
Fund balances - June 30	<u>\$ 24,092,098</u>	<u>\$ 14,804,550</u>	<u>\$ 7,701,334</u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Public Administration Facilities DIF	Active Transportation Program	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,602,258	\$ 29,929,836
-	1,468,965	4,737,124	6,221,425
-	-	644,143	1,765,462
-	-	-	345,157
-	-	-	211,003
-	-	254,816	1,264,583
346,271	-	892,750	2,230,638
-	-	152,495	272,945
-	-	-	399,824
<u>346,271</u>	<u>1,468,965</u>	<u>9,283,586</u>	<u>42,640,873</u>
-	-	-	7,841,267
-	-	354,893	8,031,031
-	-	3,055,670	7,186,968
-	-	72,811	747,001
-	-	1,134,221	5,865,827
1,616	193,311	1,812,128	7,250,004
<u>1,616</u>	<u>193,311</u>	<u>6,429,723</u>	<u>36,922,098</u>
<u>344,655</u>	<u>1,275,654</u>	<u>2,853,863</u>	<u>5,718,775</u>
-	-	341,749	341,749
-	-	-	23,182
-	-	(23,182)	(23,182)
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>318,567</u>	<u>341,749</u>
344,655	1,275,654	3,172,430	6,060,524
<u>(685,147)</u>	<u>(1,665,012)</u>	<u>7,575,948</u>	<u>50,555,986</u>
<u>\$ (340,492)</u>	<u>\$ (389,358)</u>	<u>\$ 10,748,378</u>	<u>\$ 56,616,510</u>

CITY OF GOLETA**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 6,060,524
Capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which additions to capital assets of \$7,250,004 exceed depreciation expense (\$5,524,085).	1,725,919
In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the fiscal year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This fiscal year, vacation earned exceeded the amounts used by \$30,778.	(30,778)
In governmental funds, repayments of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term liabilities are reported as reductions of liabilities.	1,263,679
In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This fiscal year, the difference between accrual-basis OPEB costs and actual employer contribution was:	(439,045)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are unavailable because they cannot be used to meet current financial obligations. In the Statement of Activities, revenues are recognized when earned.	(119,501)
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:	<u>(185,399)</u>
Changes in net position - governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 8,275,399</u></u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GOLETA
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
June 30, 2019

	Successor Agency to the Goleta Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Developer Deposits Agency Fund
ASSETS:		
Cash and investments	\$ 970,704	\$ 285,743
Receivables:		
Interest	229	-
Settlement receivable - City of Goleta	4,655,646	-
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	1,358,403	-
TOTAL ASSETS	6,984,982	\$ 285,743
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 97,965
Accrued interest bond payable	95,251	-
Bonds payable, current portion	187,372	-
Bonds payable, net of current portion	14,172,655	-
Unearned revenue	841,435	
Deposits payable	-	187,778
TOTAL LIABILITIES	15,296,713	\$ 285,743
NET POSITION:		
Held in trust for Successor Agency to the Goleta RDA	\$ (8,311,731)	

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GOLETA
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Successor Agency to the Goleta Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Property taxes	\$ 1,899,317
Investment earnings	<u>51,009</u>
Total additions	<u>1,950,326</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Administrative allowance	194,154
Community development	331,150
Distribution to Santa Barbara County	1,775,941
Debt service:	
Interest	<u>1,155,265</u>
Total deductions	<u>3,456,510</u>
Change in net position	<u>(1,506,184)</u>
Net position - July 1	(5,918,491)
Prior-period adjustment	<u>(887,056)</u>
Net position - July 1, restated	<u>(6,805,547)</u>
Net position - June 30	<u><u>\$ (8,311,731)</u></u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Goleta conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Goleta (the City) was incorporated February 1, 2002, under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under the City Council Manager form of government.

The City provides the following services as authorized by its general laws: public safety, public works, community development, and general administrative services.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include a single column for the governmental activities of the primary government. The City has no business-type activities and no discretely presented component units. Eliminations have been made in the statement of activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than an expenditure.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. Governmental resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and other governmental funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. Fiduciary information includes financial information for the private-purpose trust fund and the agency fund. Fiduciary funds of the City represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

Governmental Funds

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, motor vehicle in lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *availability* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. *Exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. *Imposed nonexchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. *Government-mandated* and *voluntary nonexchange transactions* are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met. Revenues, expenditures, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, which requires that local governments defer grant revenue that is not received within their availability period of 120 days after the fiscal year ends to meet the "available" criteria of revenue recognition.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows are generally included on the balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by noncurrent receivables are deferred and are shown as unavailable revenues until they become current receivables.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as *another financing source* rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Fund Classifications

GASB Statement No. 34 defines major funds and requires that the City's major funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called nonmajor funds, are combined and reported in a single column in the Fund Statements as Other Governmental Funds, regardless of their fund-type.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also voluntarily select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for activities and services traditionally associated with governments such as police, which are financed primarily through tax-generated revenues and are not accounted for and reported in another fund.

GTIP Special Revenue Fund – Accounts for traffic development impact fees.

Park Development Impact Fees (DIF) Special Revenue Fund – Accounts for park development impact fees.

Public Administration Facilities DIF Special Revenue Fund – Accounts for public administration facilities development impact fees.

Active Transportation Program Special Revenue Fund – Accounts for State grant funds for transportation projects.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the Successor Agency to the Goleta Redevelopment Agency. The fund's primary purpose is to expedite the dissolution of the former Agency's net position in accordance with ABx1 26, AB 1484, and SB 107. The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is omitted from the government-wide financial statements.

Agency Fund – The City established the Developer Deposits Fund as a fund to account for deposits advanced to the City to fund development-related services provided by the City's Planning and Environmental Review Department and Public Works Department. Since monies in this fund are considered liabilities until expended, the Agency Fund is omitted from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Property Taxes

California Constitution Article XIII A limits the combined property tax rate to one percent of a property's assessed valuation. Additional taxes may be imposed with voters' approval. Assessed value is calculated at one hundred percent of a property's fair value, as defined by Article XIII A, and may be increased no more than two percent per year, unless a change in ownership or new construction occurs. The State legislature has determined the method of distributing the one percent tax levy among the various taxing jurisdictions.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Property Taxes (Continued)

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes have been levied and collected within sixty days of fiscal year end. Property taxes are billed and collected as follows:

	<u>Secured</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>
Valuation/Lien Dates	January 1	January 1
Levy Dates	July 1	July 1
Due Dates	November 1 (50%) February 1 (50%)	August 1
Delinquency Dates	December 10 (Nov.) April 10 (Feb.)	August 31

E. Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings and changes in fair value. The City pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance, except for investment income associated with funds not legally required to receive pooled investment income which has been assigned to and recorded as revenue of the General Fund.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated original cost where no historical records exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at acquisition value at the date of contribution. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of three years or more. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, streets, sidewalks, medians, and storm drains.

The City uses the straight-line depreciation method in the government-wide financial statements for depreciating storm drains, park equipment, buildings, vehicles, equipment and furniture and leasehold improvements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective statement of net position. Depreciation begins on the first full year after the asset is placed in service. The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class is as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings and improvements	30 to 50 years
Vehicles	5 years
Equipment and furniture	5 to 15 years
Infrastructure:	
Pavement	40 years
Sidewalks	50 years
Curbs and gutters	50 years
Bridges	65 years
Hardscape	50 years
Medians	50 years
Parking lots	40 years
Traffic control devices	10 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, “*Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*,” and GASB Statement No. 65, “*Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*,” the City recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category; refer to Note 9 for detailed listing of the deferred outflows of resources the City has reported.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category; refer to Note 9 for detailed listing of the deferred inflows of resources the City has reported.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The City accounts for such items using the consumption method.

I. Compensated Absences

An employee benefits payable liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances. The employees’ entitlement to these balances is attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

J. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Goleta’s California Public Employee’s Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans’ fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City’s plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan’s fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Fund Balances

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or are legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the City’s governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund’s primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purpose of the City.

Unassigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

It is the City’s policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that the difference between assets added to the deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities added to the deferred inflows of resources, be reported as net position. Net position is classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted.

Net position that is net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding principal of related debt. Restricted net position is the portion of net position that has external constraints placed on it by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

O. Interfund Balances/Internal Balances

Advances to and advances from other funds represent interfund loans in the fund financial statements. Advances between funds are offset by a fund liability or by deferred revenue in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not expendable available financial resources. Any unpaid interest due to lack of funds in the borrowing fund increases the principal owed and is reported in the lending fund as deferred revenue. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to and due from other funds. These are generally repaid within the following fiscal year. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as “internal balances.”

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Budgetary Accounting

The City Council establishes budgets for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds, except for certain Special Revenue Funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by assessments received. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30 in accordance with the municipal code. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. Only the Council can authorize transfers between funds and approve inter-fund loans. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a fund without formal council action or approval. The City Manager is authorized to increase expenditures in relation to revenues in funds receiving assigned revenues without approval by the City Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. Supplemental appropriations, which increase appropriations, may be made during the fiscal year. There were no material supplemental appropriations made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Budget information is presented for the General and budgeted Special Revenue Funds in the fund financial statements. The budget information is presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations, except open project appropriations, and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year and then are rebudgeted for the coming year. Under Article XIII B of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations from the proceeds of taxes, and if proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must either be refunded to the State Controller, returned to the taxpayers through revised tax rates or revised fees schedules, or an excess in one year may be offset against a deficit in the following year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, based on the calculations by City Management, proceeds of taxes did not exceed the appropriations limit. Budgeted appropriations for the various governmental funds become effective each July 1.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statements listed below will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 84	"Fiduciary Activities"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.
Statement No. 87	"Leases"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.
Statement No. 89	"Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.
Statement No. 90	"Majority Equity Interests-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.
Statement No. 91	"Conduit Debt Obligations"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The composition of cash and investments as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 1,316
Deposits with financial institutions	578,824
Investments	<u>58,145,801</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 58,725,941</u>

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of the City's debt instruments or Agency's agreements:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 56,111,091
Fiduciary Funds:	
Cash and investments	1,256,447
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	<u>1,358,403</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 58,725,941</u>

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application," provides the framework for measuring fair value. The framework categorizes a fair value hierarchy that is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

Investments measured at amortized cost:	
LAIF	\$ 2,016,381
Money market funds	54,771,017
Held by fiscal agent:	
Money market funds	<u>1,358,403</u>
Total investments	<u>\$ 58,145,801</u>

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

Allowable investment instruments are defined in the California Government Code Section 53600, et seq., as amended. If the Code is further revised to allow additional investments or is changed regarding the limits on certain categories of investments, the City is authorized to conform to these changes, excluding those changes that may be prohibited by this policy. Where the Government Code specifies a percentage limitation for a particular category of investments, that percentage is applicable only at the date of purchase.

The table on the following page identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City, including the fiduciary private-purpose trust fund, by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy (Continued)

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Authorized by Investment Policy	Maximum Maturity*	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment in One Issuer*
Local Agency Bonds	No	5 years	None	10%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government-Sponsored Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	No	180 days	40%	10%
Commercial Paper	Yes	180 days	15%	10%
Certificate of Deposits	Yes	5 years	30%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	No	5 years	30%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	No	1 year	None	10%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	No	92 days	20% of base value	10%
Medium-Term Notes	No	5 years	30%	10%
Mutual Funds	No	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	No	5 years	20%	10%
County Pooled Investment Funds	No	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	\$65,000,000
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	Yes	None	None	None
Passbook Accounts	Yes	N/A	None	None

* Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Investments of bond funds will be made in conformance with the trust indenture for each issue. Such investments shall be held separately when required.

It is the City's intent, at the time of purchase, to hold all investments until maturity to ensure the return of all invested principal dollars; however, sales prior to maturity are permitted.

Investment maturities shall be based on a review of cash flow forecasts. Maturities will be scheduled to permit the City to meet all projected cash obligations.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments, and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

Investment Type	Carrying Amount	Remaining Maturity (in Months)			
		12 Months Or Less	13-24 Months	25-60 Months	More than 60 Months
LAIF	\$ 2,016,381	\$ 2,016,381	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Money market funds	54,771,017	54,771,017	-	-	-
Held by fiscal agent:					
Money market funds	1,358,403	1,358,403	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 58,145,801</u>	<u>\$ 58,145,801</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Carrying Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Exempt From Disclosure	Rating as of Fiscal Year End	
				AAA	Not Rated
LAIF	\$ 2,016,381	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,016,381
Money market funds	54,771,017	N/A	-	-	54,771,017
Held by fiscal agent:					
Money market funds	1,358,403	N/A	-	-	1,358,403
Total	<u>\$ 58,145,801</u>		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 58,145,801</u>

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City did not hold any investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 10% or more of total City investments.

D. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2019, the City had deposits of \$53,393,865 with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits that were held in collateralized accounts.

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or governmental investment pools (such as LAIF).

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying basic financial statements at the amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 3 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers among governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Due to and from balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Due From</u>	<u>Due To</u>
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 2,510,424	\$ -
Public Administration Facilities DIF Fund	-	340,492
Active Transportation Program Fund	-	1,771,773
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Measure A Grants Fund	-	138,139
County Fire DIF Fund	-	765
CDBG Fund	-	8,580
HSIP Fund	-	32,152
SSARP Grant Fund	-	230
TIGER Grant Fund	-	24,291
Federal Transportation Program Fund	-	150,372
TIRCP Grant Fund	-	43,630
Total	<u>\$ 2,510,424</u>	<u>\$ 2,510,424</u>

B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

B. Interfund Transfers (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the 2018-2019 fiscal year are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
Major Governmental Fund:		
General Fund	\$ 23,182	\$ -
Nonmajor Governmental Fund:		
CDBG Fund	-	23,182
	<u>\$ 23,182</u>	<u>\$ 23,182</u>

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	<u>Balance July, 1 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2019</u>
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 36,700,221	\$ 32,180	\$ -	\$ 36,732,401
Right of way	11,395,313	-	-	11,395,313
Construction in progress	23,714,189	7,150,441	5,671,209	25,193,421
Total nondepreciable capital assets	<u>\$ 71,809,723</u>	<u>\$ 7,182,621</u>	<u>\$ 5,671,209</u>	<u>\$ 73,321,135</u>
Depreciable capital assets:				
Infrastructure	\$ 235,549,813	\$ 5,527,286	\$ -	\$ 241,077,099
Vehicles	727,704	111,743	-	839,447
Furniture and equipment	998,474	99,563	-	1,098,037
Buildings and improvements	2,650,168	-	-	2,650,168
Total depreciable capital assets	<u>239,926,159</u>	<u>5,738,592</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>245,664,751</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Infrastructure	119,423,507	5,337,492	-	124,760,999
Vehicles	559,327	65,541	-	624,868
Furniture and equipment	790,366	46,879	-	837,245
Buildings and improvements	1,076,333	74,173	-	1,150,506
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>121,849,533</u>	<u>5,524,085</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>127,373,618</u>
Net depreciable capital assets	<u>118,076,626</u>	<u>214,507</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>118,291,133</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 189,886,349</u>	<u>\$ 7,397,128</u>	<u>\$ 5,671,209</u>	<u>\$ 191,612,268</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to function and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program were as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 35,037
Public safety	15,859
Public works	5,456,010
Community services	17,179
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u>\$ 5,524,085</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Compensated Absences

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1, I. Compensated Absences. The liability in the amount of \$474,246 at June 30, 2019, is expected to be paid in future years from future resources. Compensated absences have typically been liquidated from the General Fund.

B. Claims and Judgements Payable

Per review of the insurance policy agreements, it was determined that there was no City liability for claims and judgements of the insurance pool.

C. Successor Agency Settlement Agreement

On September 24, 2018, the City agreed to a settlement agreement to transfer \$6,431,587 to the Successor Agency to the Goleta Redevelopment Agency. The payments will then be distributed out to the taxing agencies as consistent with California Health and Safety Code sections 34179.5 and 34179.6. The City paid \$1,000,000 within 90 days of the settlement date and then pays \$775,941 annually by June 30th of each year for seven years.

NOTE 6 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liability activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 443,468	\$ 379,569	\$ 348,791	\$ 474,246	\$ 94,849
Successor Agency settlement agreement	6,431,587	-	1,775,941	4,655,646	775,941
OPEB liability	1,827,335	500,485	86,712	2,241,108	-
Net pension liability	2,749,352	1,495,316	1,585,091	2,659,577	-
Total	<u>\$ 11,451,742</u>	<u>\$ 2,375,370</u>	<u>\$ 3,796,535</u>	<u>\$ 10,030,577</u>	<u>\$ 870,790</u>

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's 2.0% at 55 (Tier I) and 2.0% at 62 (Tier III PEPPRA) Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic members and PEPPRA Safety members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. PEPPRA Miscellaneous members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is the Basic Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	
	<u>Prior to January 1, 2013</u>	<u>On or after January 1, 2013</u>
Hire Date		
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-63	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7.0%	6.5%
Required employer contribution rates	9.409% + \$127,516	6.842% + \$3,037

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$696,782 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and were paid primarily from the City's General Fund.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$2,659,577 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all Pension Plan participants, actuarially determined. The City's proportion share of net pension liability for miscellaneous plans as of June 30, 2018, and 2017 was as follows:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>
Proportion-June 30, 2017	0.06974%
Proportion-June 30, 2018	0.07057%
Change-Increase (Decrease)	<u>0.00083%</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$882,181. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 102,043	\$ 34,725
Changes in assumptions	303,200	74,308
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on retirement plan investments	13,148	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	137,555	-
Adjustment due to differences in proportion	416,727	10,457
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	696,782	-
	<u>\$ 1,669,455</u>	<u>\$ 119,490</u>

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability, to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

\$696,782 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year ending June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expenses as follows:

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	Amount
2020	\$ 516,889
2021	362,986
2022	(2,770)
2023	(23,922)
	<u>\$ 853,183</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.50%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds (1)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies; 2.75% thereafter

- (1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale-MP 2016. For more details on this table please refer to the December 2017

Change in Assumptions

In December 2017, the CalPERS Board adopted new mortality assumptions for plans participating in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The mortality table was developed from the December 2017 experience study and includes 15 years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using 90 percent scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent. The assumptions for individual salary increase and overall payroll growth were reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.75 percent.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for public agency plans (including PERF C), CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on testing the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund, including PERF C. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB No. 68 section.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2022. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB No. 67 and No. 68 calculations through at least the 2021-22 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>New Strategic Allocation</u>	<u>Real Return Years 1-10(a)</u>	<u>Real Return Years 11+(b)</u>
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>		

(a) An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

(b) An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.15 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease 6.15%</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate 7.15%</u>	<u>1% Increase 8.15%</u>
City's proportionate share of net pension plan liability	\$ 4,800,287	\$ 2,659,577	\$ 892,456

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

C. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the City had no amount outstanding for contributions to the pension plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The City provides postemployment health care benefits through the CalPERS cost-sharing multiple employer health care program (PEMHCA) to eligible employees. The City pays the greater of \$133 per month or the PEMHCA minimum of \$136 for 2019. To be eligible for postretirement health benefits, employees must complete at least 5 years of continuous service and be a minimum of 50 years of age.

B. Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the City's Plan:

Active plan members	72
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	<u>10</u>
Total	<u><u>82</u></u>

C. Contributions

The City currently finances benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis primarily from the City's General Fund.

D. Total OPEB Liability

The City's OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	2.75%
Discount rate	3.75%
Healthcare cost trend rate	3.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

Discount rate. GASB 75 requires a discount rate that reflects the following:

- a) The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments — to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position (if any) is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return;
- b) A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher — to the extent that the conditions in (a) are not met.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

D. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

To determine a resulting single (blended) rate, the amount of the plan's projected fiduciary net position (if any) and the amount of projected benefit payments is compared in each period of projected benefit payments. The discount rate used to measure the City's total OPEB liability is based on these requirements and the following information:

Reporting Date	Measurement Date	Long-Term Expected Return of Plan Investments (if any)	Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index	Discount Rate
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%

E. Changes in the OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Valuation Date June 30, 2019)	<u>\$ 1,827,335</u>
Changes recognized for the measurement period:	
Service cost	318,822
Interest	67,773
Difference between expected and actual experience	43,923
Contributions - employer	-
Net investment income	-
Benefit payments	(16,745)
Administrative expense	-
Net Changes	<u>413,773</u>
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date June 30, 2019)	<u><u>\$ 2,241,108</u></u>

Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the OPEB liability, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 2.75%	Discount Rate 3.75%	1% Increase 4.75%
OPEB Liability	<u>2,725,900</u>	<u>2,241,108</u>	<u>1,795,000</u>

Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the OPEB liability, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (2.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease 2.00%	Trend Rate 3.00%	1% Increase 4.00%
OPEB Liability	<u>1,933,500</u>	<u>2,241,108</u>	<u>2,614,900</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$356,504. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 275,485	\$ 69,628
	<u>\$ 275,485</u>	<u>\$ 69,628</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2020	\$ 19,558
2021	19,558
2022	19,558
2023	19,558
2024	19,558
2025-2029	97,790
2030	10,277
	<u>\$ 205,857</u>

NOTE 9 – DEFERRED OUTFLOW AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

At June 30, 2019, deferred inflows of resources, reported in the governmental fund financial statements, consisted of the following:

Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Unavailable revenue:	
Nonmajor Governmental Fund:	
Active Transportation Program Fund	\$ 40,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 40,000</u>

At June 30, 2019, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, reported on the Statement of Net Position, consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred pension	\$ 1,669,455
Deferred OPEB	275,485
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 1,944,940</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension	\$ 119,490
Deferred OPEB	69,628
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 189,118</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 – OPERATING LEASES

On January 20, 2004, the City entered into an operating lease agreement to rent its current office suite. On October 31, 2006, the office lease was amended and provided for monthly rent of \$27,843 in addition to common area maintenance costs. The lease was amended a second time on March 8, 2010, providing for monthly rent starting at \$27,120 per month in addition to common area maintenance costs. On January 23, 2013, the lease was amended a third time to add expansion space starting February 1, 2013, with monthly rent starting at \$5,085 per month in addition to common area maintenance costs and the basic rent stated in the second amendment. The lease term for the expansion space is 36 months. The City has the option to renew the lease upon termination at December 31, 2019. Rental costs for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$760,491.

Minimum future rental payments under the operating leases as of June 30, 2019, are as follows (amounts do not include common area maintenance costs):

Fiscal Year Ending	Office Suite
2020	\$ 380,246
	<u>\$ 380,246</u>

NOTE 11 – FUND BALANCES

Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned (deficit) fund balance consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

	General Fund	GTIP Special Revenue Fund	Park DIF Special Revenue Fund	Public Administration Facilities DIF Special Revenue Fund	Active Transportation Program Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable							
Prepaid items	\$ 126,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,055	\$ 156,715
Restricted							
Public works	-	14,804,550	-	-	-	8,146,048	22,950,598
Community development	-	-	7,701,334	-	-	1,910,665	9,611,999
Community services	-	-	-	-	-	1,010,519	1,010,519
Committed							
Public facilities	830,108	-	-	-	-	-	830,108
Capital equipment	624,869	-	-	-	-	-	624,869
Compensated leave	237,123	-	-	-	-	-	237,123
Risk management	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	200,000
Litigation defense	300,000	-	-	-	-	-	300,000
Contingency	8,276,632	-	-	-	-	-	8,276,632
Assigned							
OPEB UAL	333,500	-	-	-	-	-	333,500
CalPERS pension UAL	170,000	-	-	-	-	-	170,000
CIP Projects	2,745,358	-	-	-	-	-	2,745,358
Encumbrances	2,102,961	-	-	-	-	-	2,102,961
Unassigned (deficit)	8,144,887	-	-	(340,492)	(389,358)	(348,909)	7,066,128
Total	<u>\$ 24,092,098</u>	<u>\$ 14,804,550</u>	<u>\$ 7,701,334</u>	<u>\$ (340,492)</u>	<u>\$ (389,358)</u>	<u>\$ 10,748,378</u>	<u>\$ 56,616,510</u>

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Insurance Authority is composed of 116 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et. seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Primary Liability Program

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$750,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

Primary Liability Program (Continued)

For 2018-19 the Authority's pooled retention is \$2 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to \$20 million, and excess insurance to \$50 million. The Authority's reinsurance contracts are subject to the following additional pooled retentions: (a) \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible in the \$3 million in excess of \$2 million layer, and (b) \$3 million annual aggregate deductible in the \$5 million in excess of \$10 million layer. There is a third annual aggregate deductible in the amount of \$2.5 million in the \$5 million in excess of \$5 million layer, however it is fully covered under a separate policy and therefore not retained by the Authority. The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses have a sub-limit of \$40 million per occurrence.

Workers' Compensation Program

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$100,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2018-19 the Authority's pooled retention is \$2 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$ 2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

C. Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2017 through July 1, 2020. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

C. Purchased Insurance (Continued)

Property Insurance

The City participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to the Authority. City property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$14,335,982. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

Crime Insurance

The City purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

D. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal (claims) years, none of the above programs of protection have had settlements or judgements that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior fiscal year.

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

A. Legal

Various claims and suits have been filed against the City in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these matters is not presently determinable in the opinion of legal counsel, the resolutions of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

B. Grant Programs

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Construction and Other Significant Commitments

Revenue Neutrality Commitment to County of Santa Barbara – Mitigation Obligation

After the City's incorporation on February 1, 2002, the County of Santa Barbara continues to have ongoing obligations to provide public services to the City and its residents. In order to ensure that the effect of incorporation was neutral as to the County, the parties agreed to have the following allocations of tax revenues in perpetuity:

- 50% of property tax generated by property located within the City, which would otherwise accrue entirely to the City, is allocated to the County.
- 30% of the 1% retail sales tax revenues allocable to the City are allocated to the County.

Encumbrances

All encumbrances include carryover budgets from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Encumbrances as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Major Funds:

General Fund	\$ 4,848,319
GTIP Special Revenue Fund	7,657,161
Park Development Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	2,843,641
Other Governmental Funds	36,418,825
Total Encumbrances	<u>\$ 51,767,946</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

C. Construction and Other Significant Commitments (Continued)

Construction

Listed below are the projects for uncompleted contracts outstanding as of June 30, 2019.

FY 2018-19 Projects	\$ 7,361,698
---------------------	--------------

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 17, 2019, the City Council approved applying for a \$10 million IBank loan for the purpose of assisting in the purchase of the City's office building at 130 Cremona Drive.

NOTE 15 – OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds reported deficit fund balances at June 30, 2019:

Major Funds:

Public Administration Facilities DIF Special Revenue Fund	\$ 340,492
Active Transportation Grant Special Revenue Fund	389,358

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Measure A Grants Special Revenue Fund	136,168
CDBG Special Revenue Fund	6,381
HSIP Special Revenue Fund	3,336
SSARP Grant Special Revenue Fund	11,071
Federal Transportation Program Special Revenue Fund	161,351
HMGP Grant Special Revenue Fund	28,242

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 (the Bill) that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City that previously had reported a redevelopment agency (RDA) within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the City or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of State and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of the City Resolution No. 4420.

After the enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

CITY OF GOLETA
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

In future years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

As of February 1, 2012, the housing assets, obligations, and activities of the Dissolved RDA have been transferred and are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

A. Settlement Receivable – City of Goleta

The Agency has a settlement receivable from the City of Goleta with a balance of \$4,655,646 as of June 30, 2019. See Note 5(C) for further detail.

B. Long-Term Liabilities

In accordance with the provisions of ABX1 26 (Bill) and the California Supreme Court's decision to uphold the Bill, the obligations of the former redevelopment agency became vested with the funds established for the Successor Agency upon the date of dissolution, February 1, 2012. Former tax increment revenues pledged to fund the debts of the former redevelopment agency will be distributed to the Successor Agency subject to the reapportionment of such revenues as provided by the Bill.

The debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
Tax allocation bonds	\$ 14,735,000	\$ -	\$ 185,000	\$ 14,550,000	\$ 195,000
Less deferred amount:					
Discount on bonds issued	(197,601)	-	(7,628)	(189,973)	(7,628)
Total	<u>\$ 14,537,399</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 177,372</u>	<u>\$ 14,360,027</u>	<u>\$ 187,372</u>

Allocation Bonds 2011

The annual requirements to amortize the Tax Allocation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 195,000	\$ 1,136,919	\$ 1,331,919
2021	205,000	1,124,162	1,329,162
2022	220,000	1,110,075	1,330,075
2023	235,000	1,093,837	1,328,837
2024	255,000	1,075,463	1,330,463
2025-29	1,580,000	5,049,519	6,629,519
2030-34	2,285,000	4,310,094	6,595,094
2035-39	3,355,000	3,200,600	6,555,600
2040-44	6,220,000	1,561,800	7,781,800
Total	<u>\$ 14,550,000</u>	<u>\$ 19,662,469</u>	<u>\$ 34,212,469</u>

NOTE 17 – PRIOR-PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

There is a prior-period adjustment of \$442,906 to the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Activities due to the correction of an error in the calculation of prior fiscal year deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits as calculated in the GASB 75 actuarial. There is a prior period adjustment of (\$887,056) to the Fiduciary Successor Agency to the Goleta Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund to report revenues through the ROPS to match the period in which it was spent.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

CITY OF GOLETA**GENERAL FUND****SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE****BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 24,283,020	\$ 24,599,920	\$ 27,327,578	\$ 2,727,658
Intergovernmental	14,000	14,000	15,336	1,336
Charges for services	1,598,718	1,218,718	1,121,319	(97,399)
Licenses and permits	265,000	265,000	345,157	80,157
Fine and forfeitures	172,150	216,150	211,003	(5,147)
Use of money and property	337,340	415,340	460,481	45,141
Donations	53,000	115,456	120,450	4,994
Other	377,320	284,320	399,824	115,504
Total revenues	27,100,548	27,128,904	30,001,148	2,872,244
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	6,786,639	8,482,118	7,841,267	640,851
Public safety	7,872,650	7,872,650	7,676,138	196,512
Public works	4,632,340	5,991,148	4,036,834	1,954,314
Community development	294,750	269,438	211,435	58,003
Community services	5,494,324	6,444,680	4,731,606	1,713,074
Capital outlay	819,661	3,576,289	937,427	2,638,862
Total expenditures	25,900,364	32,636,323	25,434,707	7,201,616
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,200,184	(5,507,419)	4,566,441	10,073,860
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	34,730	22,972	23,182	210
Total other financing sources (uses)	34,730	22,972	23,182	210
Net change in fund balances	1,234,914	(5,484,447)	4,589,623	10,074,070
Fund balance - July 1	19,502,475	19,502,475	19,502,475	-
Fund balance - June 30	\$ 20,737,389	\$ 14,018,028	\$ 24,092,098	\$ 10,074,070

CITY OF GOLETA**GTIP SPECIAL REVENUE FUND****SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE****BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ 61,200	\$ 61,200	\$ 341,585	\$ 280,385
Developer fees	986,901	986,901	865,683	(121,218)
Total revenues	1,048,101	1,048,101	1,207,268	159,167
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public works	80,000	113,288	94,464	18,824
Capital outlay	2,835,538	8,976,637	1,307,094	7,669,543
Total expenditures	2,915,538	9,089,925	1,401,558	7,688,367
Net change in fund balance	(1,867,437)	(8,041,824)	(194,290)	7,847,534
Fund balance - July 1	14,998,840	14,998,840	14,998,840	-
Fund balance - June 30	<u>\$ 13,131,403</u>	<u>\$ 6,957,016</u>	<u>\$ 14,804,550</u>	<u>\$ 7,847,534</u>

CITY OF GOLETA**PARK DIF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND****SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE****BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ 40,800	\$ 40,800	\$ 207,701	\$ 166,901
Developer fees	7,765	7,765	125,934	118,169
Total revenues	48,565	48,565	333,635	285,070
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Community development	500,000	1,290,710	462,755	827,955
Capital outlay	945,607	5,014,179	2,998,428	2,015,751
Total expenditures	1,445,607	6,304,889	3,461,183	2,843,706
Net change in fund balance	(1,397,042)	(6,256,324)	(3,127,548)	3,128,776
Fund balance - July 1	10,828,882	10,828,882	10,828,882	-
Fund balance - June 30	\$ 9,431,840	\$ 4,572,558	\$ 7,701,334	\$ 3,128,776

CITY OF GOLETA**PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION FACILITIES DIF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND****SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE****BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ 5,100	\$ 5,100	\$ -	\$ (5,100)
Developer fees	561,855	561,855	346,271	(215,584)
Total revenues	566,955	566,955	346,271	(220,684)
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital outlay	-	12,762	1,616	11,146
Total expenditures	-	12,762	1,616	11,146
Net change in fund balance	566,955	554,193	344,655	(209,538)
Fund balance - July 1	(685,147)	(685,147)	(685,147)	-
Fund balance - June 30	<u>\$ (118,192)</u>	<u>\$ (130,954)</u>	<u>\$ (340,492)</u>	<u>\$ (209,538)</u>

CITY OF GOLETA**ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND****SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE****BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,721,000	\$ 3,673,701	\$ 1,468,965	\$ (2,204,736)
Total revenues	1,721,000	3,673,701	1,468,965	(2,204,736)
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital outlay	1,721,000	2,008,689	193,311	1,815,378
Total expenditures	1,721,000	2,008,689	193,311	1,815,378
Net change in fund balance	-	1,665,012	1,275,654	(389,358)
Fund balance - July 1	(1,665,012)	(1,665,012)	(1,665,012)	-
Fund balance - June 30	<u>\$ (1,665,012)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (389,358)</u>	<u>\$ (389,358)</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
Last 10 Years*
As of June 30, 2019

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the City's Pension Plan.

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.02760%	0.02772%	0.02565%	0.02318%	0.02586%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,659,577	\$ 2,749,352	\$ 2,219,286	\$ 1,590,804	\$ 1,609,229
Covered payroll	\$ 5,897,673	\$ 5,464,417	\$ 5,180,046	\$ 4,778,639	\$ 4,819,034
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	45.10%	50.31%	42.84%	33.29%	33.39%
Plan's total pension liability	\$ 38,944,855,364	\$ 37,161,348,332	\$ 33,358,627,624	\$ 31,771,217,402	\$ 30,829,966,631
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 29,308,589,559	\$ 27,244,095,376	\$ 24,705,532,291	\$ 24,907,305,871	\$ 24,607,502,515
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.26%	73.31%	74.06%	78.40%	79.82%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions

In 2018, inflation was changed from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent and individual salary increases and overall payroll growth was reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.75 percent.

In 2017, as part of the Asset Liability Management review cycle, the discount rate was changed from 7.65% to 7.15%.

In 2016, the discount rate was changed from 7.5% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expense.

In 2015, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees.

*- Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only five years are shown.

CITY OF GOLETA
SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
Last 10 Years*
As of June 30, 2019

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the City's Pension Plan.

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 696,782	\$ 591,252	\$ 535,490	\$ 491,157	\$ 528,634
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(696,782)	(591,252)	(535,490)	(491,157)	(528,634)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 6,613,453	\$ 5,897,673	\$ 5,464,417	\$ 5,180,046	\$ 4,778,639
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.54%	10.03%	9.80%	9.48%	11.06%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: 6/30/2016

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for fiscal year 2018/2019 were derived from the June 30, 2016 funding valuation report.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period For details, see June 30, 2016 funding valuation report.

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 7.0% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation.

Retirement Age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

*- Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only five years are shown.

CITY OF GOLETA**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS**

Last 10 Years*

As of June 30, 2019

Measurement Period	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 318,822	\$ 290,904
Interest on the total OPEB liability	67,773	48,449
Difference between expected and actual experience	43,923	223,452
Changes in assumptions	-	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-
Benefit payments	(16,745)	(27,438)
Net change in total OPEB Liability	413,773	535,367
Total OPEB liability- beginning	1,827,335	1,291,968
Total OPEB liability- ending (a)	\$ 2,241,108	\$ 1,827,335
Covered payroll	\$ 6,923,683	\$ 6,317,404
 Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	 32.37%	 28.93%

*- Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

CITY OF GOLETA
SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
Last 10 Years*
As of June 30, 2019

As of June 30, 2019, the plan is not administered through a qualified trust. Therefore there is no Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC). Benefit payments of \$16,745 and \$27,438 were made on a pay-as-you-go-basis for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

Gas Tax - This fund is used to account for the City's share of the motor vehicle gas tax imposed under the provisions of the Street and Highway Code of the State of California under Sections 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5, which are legally restricted for the acquisition, construction, improvement, and maintenance of public streets.

Transportation - This fund is used to account for public transportation funding derived from a portion of the retail sales tax collected statewide.

Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation - This fund is used to account for the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation additional gas tax funding as authorized by State Bill 1 which can be used for road maintenance and construction.

Measure A - This fund is used to account for funds received from a one-half cent sales tax levied by the Santa Barbara County Association of Governments. The proceeds are restricted to transportation uses. Measure A was approved by the voters of Santa Barbara County by an election held on November 4, 2008.

Measure A Grants - This fund is used to account for grant funds awarded to the City by the Santa Barbara County Association of Governments. These funds are derived from Measure A funding and are awarded for specific transportation related projects.

Solid Waste Program - This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures relating to the City's solid waste program.

Public Safety Donations - This fund is used to account for revenue received for public safety at the Market Place Shopping Center.

County Fire DIF - This fund is used to account for County fire development impact fees that help construct Fire Station 10.

Library Facilities DIF - This fund is used to account for library facilities development impact fees.

Sheriff Facilities DIF - This fund is used to account for public safety facilities development impact fees.

Housing In-Lieu - This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures of the City's affordable housing programs.

Environmental Programs - This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures relating to the City's environmental mitigation programs.

Fire Facilities DIF - This fund is used to account for fire facilities development impact fees.

Long Range Development Plan - This fund is used to account for traffic infrastructure funding from University of California, Santa Barbara.

Public Safety - This fund is used to account for state funds under the Citizen Options for Public Safety (COPS) grant program.

Sustainable Communities Grant - This fund is used to account for funds received under the Sustainable Communities grant program.

Solid Waste Recycling - This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures relating to the City's solid waste recycling program.

RSTP State Grant - This fund is used to account for state and federal grant funds to local governments for use in transit and highway projects, including street and road projects.

Comstock Plover Endowment - This fund is used to account for development related funds for use in environmental mitigation programs.

Miscellaneous Grants - This fund is used to account for state grant funds to local governments for use in various City projects.

Local STIP - This fund is used to account for state grant funds to local governments for use in transit and highway projects, including street and road projects.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Developer Agreement - This fund is used to account for developer agreement funds for use in agreed upon projects with the City and developer.

CDBG - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the Community Development Block Grant program. These funds are received from the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development and must be expended exclusively on programs for low and moderate income individuals/families.

HSIP - This fund is used to account for improvements for Hollister and Goleta Valley Center Community Center Crosswalk.

SSARP Grant - This fund for the Systemic Safety Analysis Report Program Grant is used to assist cities in performing a collision analysis and identifying safety roadway issues.

Street Lighting - This fund is used to account for proceeds from a special benefit assessment to fund street lighting.

TIGER Grant - This fund is used to account for support of capital projects which repair bridges or improve infrastructure to a state of good repair.

PEG - This fund is used to account for funds received as local franchising fees for capital costs for public, education or governmental access facilities.

Federal Transportation Program - This fund is used to account for federal grant funds for transportation projects.

LSTP State Grant - This fund is used to account for the Local Surface Transportation Program State grant funds for use in transit and highway projects including streets and roads.

Housing and Community Development State Grant - This fund is used to account for funding from the Housing Related Parks Program to assist with new residential housing to lower-income households.

Cal OES - This fund is used to account for funding through the California Office of Emergency Services for emergency preparedness, response, recovery, and homeland security activities.

FHWA – FEMA Reimbursement - This fund is used to account for the Federal Highway Administration Emergency Relief Funds used for repair or construction of federal-aid highways on federal lands which have suffered serious damage as a result of natural disasters.

State Parks Grant - This fund is used to account for state grant funds for parks.

Certified Access Specialist - This fund is used to account for fees collected to increase disability access and compliance with construction-related accessibility requirements. These fees are set by Senate Bill 1186.

TIRCP Grant - This fund for the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program (TIRCP) was created by Senate Bill (SB) 862 and modified by Senate Bill 9 to provide grants from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to fund transformative capital improvements that will modernize California's intercity, commuter, and urban rail systems, and bus and ferry transit systems to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases by reducing congestion and vehicle miles traveled throughout California.

HMGP Grant - This fund for the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program is used for seismic retrofit to meet ADA standards.

Library Services - This fund is used to account for proceeds of Measure L, which authorized a special tax to fund services at the Goleta Library.

County per Capita – Goleta Library - This fund is used for Funds received from the County of Santa Barbara on a per capita basis to support Goleta Library operations.

Buellton Library - This fund is used to account for funding received directly from the City of Buellton for Buellton Library operations.

Solvang Library - This fund is used to account for funding received directly from the City of Solvang for Solvang Library operations.

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CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			
			Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation	
	<u>Gas Tax</u>	<u>Transportation</u>	<u>Rehabilitation</u>	<u>Measure A</u>
ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,104,833	\$ 125,650	\$ 17,004	\$ 2,097,360
Receivables:				
Accounts	-	-	104,564	4,898
Interest	245	28	44	473
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 1,105,078</u>	<u>\$ 125,678</u>	<u>\$ 121,612</u>	<u>\$ 2,102,731</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 193,314	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,518
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	-	-	-
Retentions payable	45,052	3,850	35,194	82,017
Deposits payable	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>238,366</u>	<u>3,850</u>	<u>35,194</u>	<u>132,535</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted	866,712	121,828	86,418	1,970,196
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>866,712</u>	<u>121,828</u>	<u>86,418</u>	<u>1,970,196</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 1,105,078</u>	<u>\$ 125,678</u>	<u>\$ 121,612</u>	<u>\$ 2,102,731</u>

Special Revenue Funds

Measure A Grants	Solid Waste Program	Public Safety Donations	County Fire DIF	Library Facilities DIF	Sheriff Facilities DIF	Housing In-Lieu
\$ -	\$ 604,094	\$ 206,152	\$ -	\$ 205,585	\$ 990,910	\$ 761,968
16,000	67,672	-	9,999	-	-	-
-	153	47	-	44	224	157
-	50	-	-	16,775	-	-
<u>\$ 16,000</u>	<u>\$ 671,969</u>	<u>\$ 206,199</u>	<u>\$ 9,999</u>	<u>\$ 222,404</u>	<u>\$ 991,134</u>	<u>\$ 762,125</u>
\$ 10,173	\$ 53,174	\$ 58,787	\$ 9,234	\$ 16,775	\$ -	\$ -
-	1,804	-	-	-	-	-
3,856	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
138,139	-	-	765	-	-	-
<u>152,168</u>	<u>54,978</u>	<u>58,787</u>	<u>9,999</u>	<u>16,775</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	50	-	-	16,775	-	-
-	616,941	147,412	-	188,854	991,134	762,125
<u>(136,168)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>(136,168)</u>	<u>616,991</u>	<u>147,412</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>205,629</u>	<u>991,134</u>	<u>762,125</u>
<u>\$ 16,000</u>	<u>\$ 671,969</u>	<u>\$ 206,199</u>	<u>\$ 9,999</u>	<u>\$ 222,404</u>	<u>\$ 991,134</u>	<u>\$ 762,125</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

	Environmental Programs	Fire Facilities DIF	Long Range Development Plan	Public Safety
ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$ 167,035	\$ 2,972,019	\$ 237,274	\$ 335
Receivables:				
Accounts	-	-	-	-
Interest	38	666	55	-
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 167,073	\$ 2,972,685	\$ 237,329	\$ 335
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 2,444	\$ 9,488	\$ -
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	-	-	-
Retentions payable	-	-	39,010	-
Deposits payable	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	2,444	48,498	-
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted	167,073	2,970,241	188,831	335
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	167,073	2,970,241	188,831	335
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 167,073	\$ 2,972,685	\$ 237,329	\$ 335

Special Revenue Funds

Sustainable Communities Grant	Solid Waste Recycling	RSTP State Grant	Comstock Plover Endowment	Miscellaneous Grants	Local STIP	Developer Agreement
\$ -	\$ 38,333	\$ 98,298	\$ 153,851	\$ 10,166	\$ 6,171	\$ 599,614
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	8	23	35	2	1	120
-	-	-	-	-	12,700	-
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 38,341</u>	<u>\$ 98,321</u>	<u>\$ 153,886</u>	<u>\$ 10,168</u>	<u>\$ 18,872</u>	<u>\$ 599,734</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 62,649	\$ 3,351	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	8,532	-
-	-	-	150,500	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	62,649	153,851	-	8,532	-
-	-	-	-	-	12,700	-
-	38,341	35,672	35	10,168	-	599,734
-	-	-	-	-	(2,360)	-
-	38,341	35,672	35	10,168	10,340	599,734
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 38,341</u>	<u>\$ 98,321</u>	<u>\$ 153,886</u>	<u>\$ 10,168</u>	<u>\$ 18,872</u>	<u>\$ 599,734</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

	CDBG	HSIP	SSARP Grant	Street Lighting
ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 191,520
Receivables:				
Accounts	16,225	30,917	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	48
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 16,225	\$ 30,917	\$ -	\$ 191,568
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 7,645	\$ 2,101	\$ 10,841	\$ 716
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	-	-	-
Retentions payable	6,381	-	-	-
Deposits payable	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	8,580	32,152	230	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,606	34,253	11,071	716
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	190,852
Unassigned	(6,381)	(3,336)	(11,071)	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	(6,381)	(3,336)	(11,071)	190,852
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 16,225	\$ 30,917	\$ -	\$ 191,568

Special Revenue Funds

TIGER Grant	PEG	Federal Transportation Program	LSTP State Grant	Housing & Community Development State Grant	Cal OES	FHWA - FEMA Reimbursement
\$ -	\$ 163,547	\$ -	\$ 6,240	\$ 242,936	\$ 14,231	\$ 58,107
24,291	17,929	-	-	-	-	-
-	36	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 24,291</u>	<u>\$ 181,512</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,240</u>	<u>\$ 242,936</u>	<u>\$ 14,231</u>	<u>\$ 58,107</u>
\$ -	\$ 34	\$ 10,979	\$ -	\$ 220,145	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	5,836	11,402	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24,291	-	150,372	-	-	-	-
<u>24,291</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>161,351</u>	<u>5,836</u>	<u>231,547</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	181,478	-	404	11,389	14,231	58,107
-	-	(161,351)	-	-	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>181,478</u>	<u>(161,351)</u>	<u>404</u>	<u>11,389</u>	<u>14,231</u>	<u>58,107</u>
<u>\$ 24,291</u>	<u>\$ 181,512</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,240</u>	<u>\$ 242,936</u>	<u>\$ 14,231</u>	<u>\$ 58,107</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			
	State Parks Grant	Certified Access Specialist	TIRCP Grant	HMGP Grant
ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$ 45,500	\$ 11,277	\$ -	\$ -
Receivables:				
Accounts	-	-	115,468	-
Interest	-	2	-	-
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 45,500	\$ 11,279	\$ 115,468	\$ -
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 45,500	\$ -	\$ 71,838	\$ 28,242
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	-	-	-
Retentions payable	-	-	-	-
Deposits payable	-	11,099	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	43,630	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	45,500	11,099	115,468	28,242
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	180	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	(28,242)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	180	-	(28,242)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 45,500	\$ 11,279	\$ 115,468	\$ -

Special Revenue Funds

Library Services	County Per Capita - Goleta Library	Buellton Library	Solvang Library	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 551,227	\$ 127,264	\$ 1,975	\$ 1,024	\$ 11,811,500
191,636	-	-	-	599,599
133	43	2	1	2,628
394	136	-	-	30,055
<u>\$ 743,390</u>	<u>\$ 127,443</u>	<u>\$ 1,977</u>	<u>\$ 1,025</u>	<u>\$ 12,443,782</u>
\$ 1,926	\$ 4,930	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 874,804
7,163	10,745	-	-	19,712
-	-	-	-	241,130
-	-	-	-	161,599
-	-	-	-	398,159
<u>9,089</u>	<u>15,675</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,695,404</u>
394	136	-	-	30,055
733,907	111,632	1,977	1,025	11,067,232
-	-	-	-	(348,909)
<u>734,301</u>	<u>111,768</u>	<u>1,977</u>	<u>1,025</u>	<u>10,748,378</u>
<u>\$ 743,390</u>	<u>\$ 127,443</u>	<u>\$ 1,977</u>	<u>\$ 1,025</u>	<u>\$ 12,443,782</u>

(Concluded)

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			
			Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation	Measure A
	Gas Tax	Transportation		
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,635,625
Intergovernmental	640,432	25,839	585,887	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	19,814	2,413	6,864	57,341
Developer fees	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>660,246</u>	<u>28,252</u>	<u>592,751</u>	<u>1,692,966</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	330,992	3,235	692,881	716,313
Community development	-	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	275,842
Total expenditures	<u>330,992</u>	<u>3,235</u>	<u>692,881</u>	<u>992,155</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>329,254</u>	<u>25,017</u>	<u>(100,130)</u>	<u>700,811</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfer from City of Santa Barbara				
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	329,254	25,017	(100,130)	700,811
Fund balances - July 1	<u>537,458</u>	<u>96,811</u>	<u>186,548</u>	<u>1,269,385</u>
Fund balances - June 30	<u>\$ 866,712</u>	<u>\$ 121,828</u>	<u>\$ 86,418</u>	<u>\$ 1,970,196</u>

Special Revenue Funds

Measure A Grants	Solid Waste Program	Public Safety Donations	County Fire DIF	Library Facilities DIF	Sheriff Facilities DIF	Housing In-Lieu
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
79,092	-	-	93,560	-	-	-
-	644,143	-	-	-	-	-
-	17,072	5,228	-	4,537	21,241	12,990
-	-	-	-	85,705	70,141	425,345
<u>79,092</u>	<u>661,215</u>	<u>5,228</u>	<u>93,560</u>	<u>90,242</u>	<u>91,382</u>	<u>438,335</u>
-	-	202,787	-	-	3,359	-
63,092	879,752	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	4,064
-	-	-	-	79,084	-	25,000
<u>141,965</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>93,560</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>205,057</u>	<u>879,752</u>	<u>202,787</u>	<u>93,560</u>	<u>79,084</u>	<u>3,359</u>	<u>29,064</u>
<u>(125,965)</u>	<u>(218,537)</u>	<u>(197,559)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,158</u>	<u>88,023</u>	<u>409,271</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(125,965)	(218,537)	(197,559)	-	11,158	88,023	409,271
(10,203)	835,528	344,971	-	194,471	903,111	352,854
<u>\$ (136,168)</u>	<u>\$ 616,991</u>	<u>\$ 147,412</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 205,629</u>	<u>\$ 991,134</u>	<u>\$ 762,125</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Environmental Programs	Fire Facilities DIF	Long Range Development Plan	Public Safety
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	148,747
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	3,673	63,118	5,306	64
Developer fees	-	211,559	-	-
Total revenues	<u>3,673</u>	<u>274,677</u>	<u>5,306</u>	<u>148,811</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public safety	-	-	-	148,747
Public works	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	13,033	17,717	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>13,033</u>	<u>17,717</u>	<u>148,747</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>3,673</u>	<u>261,644</u>	<u>(12,411)</u>	<u>64</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfer from City of Santa Barbara				
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	3,673	261,644	(12,411)	64
Fund balances - July 1	<u>163,400</u>	<u>2,708,597</u>	<u>201,242</u>	<u>271</u>
Fund balances - June 30	<u>\$ 167,073</u>	<u>\$ 2,970,241</u>	<u>\$ 188,831</u>	<u>\$ 335</u>

Special Revenue Funds

Sustainable Communities Grant	Solid Waste Recycling	RSTP State Grant	Comstock Plover Endowment	Miscellaneous Grants	Local STIP	Developer Agreement
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
118,733	57	-	-	-	239,274	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	766	2,468	3,386	224	94	11,171
-	-	-	-	-	-	100,000
<u>118,733</u>	<u>823</u>	<u>2,468</u>	<u>3,386</u>	<u>224</u>	<u>239,368</u>	<u>111,171</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	86	-	-
18,828	-	-	3,351	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	98,712	-	-	-	-
<u>18,828</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>98,712</u>	<u>3,351</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
99,905	823	(96,244)	35	138	239,368	111,171
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
99,905	823	(96,244)	35	138	239,368	111,171
<u>(99,905)</u>	<u>37,518</u>	<u>131,916</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,030</u>	<u>(229,028)</u>	<u>488,563</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 38,341</u>	<u>\$ 35,672</u>	<u>\$ 35</u>	<u>\$ 10,168</u>	<u>\$ 10,340</u>	<u>\$ 599,734</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			
	CDBG	HSIP	SSARP Grant	Street Lighting
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 279,961
Intergovernmental	244,394	30,918	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	-	-	-	3,950
Developer fees	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>244,394</u>	<u>30,918</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>283,911</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	11,071	239,070
Community development	46,568	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	<u>181,025</u>	<u>8,972</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	<u>227,593</u>	<u>8,972</u>	<u>11,071</u>	<u>239,070</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>16,801</u>	<u>21,946</u>	<u>(11,071)</u>	<u>44,841</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfer from City of Santa Barbara				
Transfers out	<u>(23,182)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(23,182)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	(6,381)	21,946	(11,071)	44,841
Fund balances - July 1	<u>-</u>	<u>(25,282)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>146,011</u>
Fund balances - June 30	<u><u>\$ (6,381)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (3,336)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (11,071)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 190,852</u></u>

Special Revenue Funds

TIGER Grant	PEG	Federal Transportation Program	LSTP State Grant	Housing & Community Development State Grant	Cal OES	FHWA - FEMA Reimbursement
\$ -	\$ 71,837	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
150,690	-	203,067	117,297	269,234	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2,980	-	339	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
150,690	74,817	203,067	117,636	269,234	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1,881	-	117,297	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45,791	-	163,924	-	254,235	-	-
45,791	1,881	163,924	117,297	254,235	-	-
104,899	72,936	39,143	339	14,999	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
104,899	72,936	39,143	339	14,999	-	-
(104,899)	108,542	(200,494)	65	(3,610)	14,231	58,107
\$ -	\$ 181,478	\$ (161,351)	\$ 404	\$ 11,389	\$ 14,231	\$ 58,107

(Continued)

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			
	State Parks Grant	Certified Access Specialist	TIRCP Grant	HMGP Grant
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	910,000	-	115,469	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	-	169	-	-
Developer fees	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>910,000</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>115,469</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	<u>363,676</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>115,469</u>	<u>28,242</u>
Total expenditures	<u>363,676</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>115,469</u>	<u>28,242</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>546,324</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(28,242)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfer from City of Santa Barbara	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	546,324	169	-	(28,242)
Fund balances - July 1	<u>(546,324)</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances - June 30	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 180</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (28,242)</u>

Special Revenue Funds

Library Services	County Per Capita - Goleta Library	Buellton Library	Solvang Library	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 614,835	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,602,258
-	737,666	13,384	13,384	4,737,124
-	-	-	-	644,143
7,739	1,787	56	26	254,816
-	-	-	-	892,750
152,495	-	-	-	152,495
<u>775,069</u>	<u>739,453</u>	<u>13,440</u>	<u>13,410</u>	<u>9,283,586</u>
-	-	-	-	354,893
-	-	-	-	3,055,670
-	-	-	-	72,811
388,569	617,720	11,463	12,385	1,134,221
-	9,965	-	-	1,812,128
<u>388,569</u>	<u>627,685</u>	<u>11,463</u>	<u>12,385</u>	<u>6,429,723</u>
<u>386,500</u>	<u>111,768</u>	<u>1,977</u>	<u>1,025</u>	<u>2,853,863</u>
341,749	-	-	-	341,749
-	-	-	-	(23,182)
<u>341,749</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>318,567</u>
728,249	111,768	1,977	1,025	3,172,430
6,052	-	-	-	7,575,948
<u>\$ 734,301</u>	<u>\$ 111,768</u>	<u>\$ 1,977</u>	<u>\$ 1,025</u>	<u>\$ 10,748,378</u>

(Concluded)

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 664,029	\$ 640,432	\$ (23,597)
Use of money and property	4,000	19,814	15,814
Total revenues	668,029	660,246	(7,783)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	1,205,487	330,992	874,495
Total expenditures	1,205,487	330,992	874,495
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (537,458)</u>	329,254	<u>\$ 866,712</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>537,458</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 866,712</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 25,439	\$ 25,839	\$ 400
Use of money and property	1,300	2,413	1,113
Total revenues	26,739	28,252	1,513
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	61,398	3,235	58,163
Total expenditures	61,398	3,235	58,163
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (34,659)</u>	25,017	<u>\$ 59,676</u>
Fund balance - July 1		96,811	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 121,828</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ROAD MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 506,408	\$ 585,887	\$ 79,479
Use of money and property	7,000	6,864	(136)
Total revenues	<u>513,408</u>	<u>592,751</u>	<u>79,343</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	<u>699,881</u>	<u>692,881</u>	<u>7,000</u>
Total expenditures	<u>699,881</u>	<u>692,881</u>	<u>7,000</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (186,473)</u>	<u>(100,130)</u>	<u>\$ 86,343</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>186,548</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 86,418</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
MEASURE A SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 1,561,389	\$ 1,635,625	\$ 74,236
Use of money and property	25,500	57,341	31,841
Total revenues	<u>1,586,889</u>	<u>1,692,966</u>	<u>106,077</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	1,410,282	716,313	693,969
Capital outlay	<u>1,014,993</u>	<u>275,842</u>	<u>739,151</u>
Total expenditures	<u>2,425,275</u>	<u>992,155</u>	<u>1,433,120</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (838,386)</u>	700,811	<u>\$ 1,539,197</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>1,269,385</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 1,970,196</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
MEASURE A GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 655,153	\$ 79,092	\$ (576,061)
Total revenues	<u>655,153</u>	<u>79,092</u>	<u>(576,061)</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	73,350	63,092	10,258
Capital outlay	<u>571,600</u>	<u>141,965</u>	<u>429,635</u>
Total expenditures	<u>644,950</u>	<u>205,057</u>	<u>439,893</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 10,203</u>	<u>(125,965)</u>	<u>\$ (136,168)</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>(10,203)</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ (136,168)</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SOLID WASTE PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Charges for services	\$ 588,400	\$ 644,143	\$ 55,743
Use of money and property	6,500	17,072	10,572
Total revenues	594,900	661,215	66,315
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	1,334,095	879,752	454,343
Total expenditures	1,334,095	879,752	454,343
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (739,195)</u>	<u>(218,537)</u>	<u>\$ 520,658</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>835,528</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 616,991</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
PUBLIC SAFETY DONATIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 5,228	\$ 5,228
Total revenues	-	5,228	5,228
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public safety	324,099	202,787	121,312
Total expenditures	324,099	202,787	121,312
Net change in fund balance	<u><u>\$ (324,099)</u></u>	<u><u>(197,559)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 126,540</u></u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>344,971</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u><u>\$ 147,412</u></u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COUNTY FIRE DIF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,063,897	\$ 93,560	\$ (970,337)
Total revenues	1,063,897	93,560	(970,337)
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	1,063,897	93,560	970,337
Total expenditures	1,063,897	93,560	970,337
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ -</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LIBRARY FACILITIES DIF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ 1,326	\$ 4,537	\$ 3,211
Developer fees	127,271	85,705	(41,566)
Total revenues	128,597	90,242	(38,355)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community services	158,006	79,084	78,922
Total expenditures	158,006	79,084	78,922
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (29,409)</u>	11,158	<u>\$ 40,567</u>
Fund balance - July 1		194,471	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 205,629</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SHERIFF FACILITIES DIF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ 4,080	\$ 21,241	\$ 17,161
Developer fees	145,031	70,141	(74,890)
Total revenues	149,111	91,382	(57,729)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public safety	3,461	3,359	102
Capital outlay	984,794	-	984,794
Total expenditures	988,255	3,359	984,896
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (839,144)</u>	88,023	<u>\$ 927,167</u>
Fund balance - July 1		903,111	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 991,134</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
HOUSING IN-LIEU SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ 4,080	\$ 12,990	\$ 8,910
Developer fees	-	425,345	425,345
Total revenues	4,080	438,335	434,255
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community development	4,064	4,064	-
Community services	25,000	25,000	-
Total expenditures	29,064	29,064	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ (24,984)	409,271	\$ 434,255
Fund balance - July 1		352,854	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ 762,125	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ 1,326	\$ 3,673	\$ 2,347
Total revenues	<u>1,326</u>	<u>3,673</u>	<u>2,347</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	<u>9,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,400</u>
Total expenditures	<u>9,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,400</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u><u>\$ (8,074)</u></u>	<u>3,673</u>	<u><u>\$ 11,747</u></u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>163,400</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u><u>\$ 167,073</u></u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FIRE FACILITIES DIF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ 13,260	\$ 63,118	\$ 49,858
Developer fees	<u>366,729</u>	<u>211,559</u>	<u>(155,170)</u>
Total revenues	<u>379,989</u>	<u>274,677</u>	<u>(105,312)</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	<u>1,862,213</u>	<u>13,033</u>	<u>1,849,180</u>
Total expenditures	<u>1,862,213</u>	<u>13,033</u>	<u>1,849,180</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (1,482,224)</u>	261,644	<u>\$ 1,743,868</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>2,708,597</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 2,970,241</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LONG RANGE DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,151,988	\$ -	\$ (1,151,988)
Use of money and property	<u>6,120</u>	<u>5,306</u>	<u>(814)</u>
Total revenues	<u>1,158,108</u>	<u>5,306</u>	<u>(1,152,802)</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	<u>1,359,350</u>	<u>17,717</u>	<u>1,341,633</u>
Total expenditures	<u>1,359,350</u>	<u>17,717</u>	<u>1,341,633</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (201,242)</u>	<u>(12,411)</u>	<u>\$ 188,831</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>201,242</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 188,831</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
PUBLIC SAFETY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 148,747	\$ 148,747	\$ -
Use of money and property	80	64	(16)
Total revenues	148,827	148,811	(16)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public safety	148,747	148,747	-
Total expenditures	148,747	148,747	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 80</u>	64	<u>\$ (16)</u>
Fund balance - July 1		271	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 335</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 118,733	\$ 118,733	\$ -
Total revenues	118,733	118,733	-
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community development	18,828	18,828	-
Total expenditures	18,828	18,828	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 99,905</u>	<u>99,905</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>(99,905)</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ -</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SOLID WASTE RECYCLING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 8,000	\$ 57	\$ (7,943)
Use of money and property	170	766	596
Total revenues	8,170	823	(7,347)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	16,000	-	16,000
Total expenditures	16,000	-	16,000
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (7,830)</u>	823	<u>\$ 8,653</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>37,518</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 38,341</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
RSTP STATE GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 565,315	\$ -	\$ (565,315)
Use of money and property	816	2,468	1,652
Total revenues	566,131	2,468	(563,663)
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	565,315	98,712	466,603
Total expenditures	565,315	98,712	466,603
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 816</u>	<u>(96,244)</u>	<u>\$ (97,060)</u>
Fund balance - July 1		131,916	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 35,672</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMSTOCK PLOVER ENDOWMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ 3,400	\$ 3,386	\$ (14)
Total revenues	3,400	3,386	(14)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community development	3,400	3,351	49
Total expenditures	3,400	3,351	49
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	35	<u>\$ 35</u>
Fund balance - July 1		-	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 35</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 13,857	\$ -	\$ (13,857)
Use of money and property	-	224	224
Total revenues	13,857	224	(13,633)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	23,782	86	23,696
Total expenditures	23,782	86	23,696
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (9,925)</u>	138	<u>\$ 10,063</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>10,030</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 10,168</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LOCAL STIP SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,622,648	\$ 239,274	\$ (6,383,374)
Use of money and property	60	94	34
Total revenues	<u>6,622,708</u>	<u>239,368</u>	<u>(6,383,340)</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	<u>6,383,375</u>	-	<u>6,383,375</u>
Total expenditures	<u>6,383,375</u>	-	<u>6,383,375</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 239,333</u>	<u>239,368</u>	<u>\$ 35</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>(229,028)</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 10,340</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DEVELOPER AGREEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ 8,160	\$ 11,171	\$ 3,011
Developer fees	-	100,000	100,000
Total revenues	8,160	111,171	103,011
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	270,000	-	270,000
Total expenditures	270,000	-	270,000
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (261,840)</u>	111,171	<u>\$ 373,011</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>488,563</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 599,734</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
CDBG SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 296,747	\$ 244,394	\$ (52,353)
Total revenues	296,747	244,394	(52,353)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community development	52,544	46,568	5,976
Capital outlay	221,021	181,025	39,996
Total expenditures	273,565	227,593	45,972
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	23,182	16,801	(6,381)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers out	(23,182)	(23,182)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,182)	(23,182)	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(6,381)	\$ (6,381)
Fund balance - July 1		-	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ (6,381)	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
HSIP SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 235,369	\$ 30,918	\$ (204,451)
Total revenues	235,369	30,918	(204,451)
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	204,452	8,972	195,480
Total expenditures	204,452	8,972	195,480
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 30,917</u>	21,946	<u>\$ (8,971)</u>
Fund balance - July 1		(25,282)	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ (3,336)</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SSARP GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 225,000	\$ -	\$ (225,000)
Total revenues	225,000	-	(225,000)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	225,000	11,071	213,929
Total expenditures	225,000	11,071	213,929
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(11,071)	\$ (11,071)
Fund balance - July 1		-	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ (11,071)	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STREET LIGHTING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 276,888	\$ 279,961	\$ 3,073
Use of money and property	330	3,950	3,620
Total revenues	<u>277,218</u>	<u>283,911</u>	<u>6,693</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	251,000	239,070	11,930
Capital outlay	<u>150,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>150,000</u>
Total expenditures	<u>401,000</u>	<u>239,070</u>	<u>161,930</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (123,782)</u>	<u>44,841</u>	<u>\$ 168,623</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>146,011</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 190,852</u>	

TIGER GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
 COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 157,038	\$ 150,690	\$ (6,348)
Total revenues	157,038	150,690	(6,348)
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	52,139	45,791	6,348
Total expenditures	52,139	45,791	6,348
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 104,899</u>	104,899	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>(104,899)</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ -</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
PEG SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 76,000	\$ 71,837	\$ (4,163)
Use of money and property	2,280	2,980	700
Total revenues	78,280	74,817	(3,463)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	14,500	1,881	12,619
Total expenditures	14,500	1,881	12,619
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 63,780</u>	72,936	<u>\$ 9,156</u>
Fund balance - July 1		108,542	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 181,478</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FEDERAL TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,921,929	\$ 203,067	\$ (5,718,862)
Total revenues	5,921,929	203,067	(5,718,862)
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	5,721,435	163,924	5,557,511
Total expenditures	5,721,435	163,924	5,557,511
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 200,494</u>	39,143	<u>\$ (161,351)</u>
Fund balance - July 1		(200,494)	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ (161,351)</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LSTP STATE GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 117,297	\$ 117,297	\$ -
Use of money and property	-	339	339
Total revenues	117,297	117,636	339
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	117,297	117,297	-
Total expenditures	117,297	117,297	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	339	\$ 339
Fund balance - July 1		65	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ 404	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT STATE GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 269,234	\$ 269,234	\$ -
Total revenues	269,234	269,234	-
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	265,624	254,235	11,389
Total expenditures	265,624	254,235	11,389
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 3,610</u>	14,999	<u>\$ 11,389</u>
Fund balance - July 1		(3,610)	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 11,389</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
CAL OES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>14,231</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 14,231</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FHWA-FEMA REIMBURSEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 87,746	\$ -	\$ (87,746)
Total revenues	87,746	-	(87,746)
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	87,746	-	87,746
Total expenditures	87,746	-	87,746
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>58,107</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 58,107</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATE PARKS GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 910,000	\$ 910,000	\$ -
Total revenues	910,000	910,000	-
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	363,676	363,676	-
Total expenditures	363,676	363,676	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 546,324</u>	<u>546,324</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - July 1		(546,324)	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ -</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
CERTIFIED ACCESS SPECIALIST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 169	\$ 169
Total revenues	-	169	169
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>\$ 169</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>11</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 180</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TIRCP GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 400,000	\$ 115,469	\$ (284,531)
Total revenues	400,000	115,469	(284,531)
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	400,000	115,469	284,531
Total expenditures	400,000	115,469	284,531
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ -</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
HMGP GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 70,970	\$ -	\$ (70,970)
Total revenues	70,970	-	(70,970)
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	70,970	28,242	42,728
Total expenditures	70,970	28,242	42,728
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(28,242)</u>	<u>\$ (28,242)</u>
Fund balance - July 1		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ (28,242)</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LIBRARY SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 621,582	\$ 614,835	\$ (6,747)
Use of money and property	-	7,739	7,739
Donations	-	152,495	152,495
Total revenues	621,582	775,069	153,487
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community services	473,260	388,569	84,691
Total expenditures	473,260	388,569	84,691
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	148,322	386,500	238,178
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfer from City of Santa Barbara	-	341,749	341,749
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	341,749	341,749
Net change in fund balance	\$ 148,322	728,249	\$ 579,927
Fund balance - July 1		6,052	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ 734,301	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COUNTY PER CAPITAL - GOLETA LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 737,380	\$ 737,666	\$ 286
Use of money and property	-	1,787	1,787
Total revenues	737,380	739,453	2,073
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community services	721,766	617,720	104,046
Capital outlay	15,614	9,965	5,649
Total expenditures	737,380	627,685	109,695
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	111,768	\$ 111,768
Fund balance - July 1		-	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ 111,768	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BUELLTON LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 13,384	\$ 13,384	\$ -
Use of money and property	-	56	56
Total revenues	13,384	13,440	56
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community services	13,384	11,463	1,921
Total expenditures	13,384	11,463	1,921
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	1,977	\$ 1,977
Fund balance - July 1		-	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ 1,977	

CITY OF GOLETA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SOLVANG LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 13,384	\$ 13,384	\$ -
Use of money and property		26	26
Total revenues	13,384	13,410	26
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Community services	13,384	12,385	999
Total expenditures	13,384	12,385	999
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	1,025	<u>\$ 1,025</u>
Fund balance - July 1		-	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$ 1,025</u>	

CITY OF GOLETA
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
DEVELOPER DEPOSITS AGENCY FUND
June 30, 2019

	<u>Balance July 1, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2019</u>
Assets				
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 893,673</u>	<u>\$ 801,241</u>	<u>\$ 1,409,171</u>	<u>\$ 285,743</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 893,673</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 801,241</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,409,171</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 285,743</u></u>
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 31,612	\$ 1,163,948	\$ 1,097,595	\$ 97,965
Deposits payable	<u>862,061</u>	<u>(362,707)</u>	<u>311,576</u>	<u>187,778</u>
Total liabilities	<u><u>\$ 893,673</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 801,241</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,409,171</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 285,743</u></u>

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STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Goleta's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, footnotes, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Pages
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	126-133
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax and transit occupancy tax.	134-141
Debt Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	142-145
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	146-147
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	148-151

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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CITY OF GOLETA
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 165,751,283	\$ 164,443,711	\$ 172,075,288	\$ 163,927,809	\$ 172,564,805
Restricted	15,707,269	13,773,387	13,409,549	13,017,605	18,154,319
Unrestricted	5,998,325	7,302,694	16,715,914	14,419,566	10,963,974
Total governmental activities net position	<u>\$ 187,456,877</u>	<u>\$ 185,519,792</u>	<u>\$ 202,200,751</u>	<u>\$ 191,364,980</u>	<u>\$ 201,683,098</u>

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 183,863,622	\$ 181,519,215	\$ 180,871,756	\$ 189,886,349	\$ 191,612,268
17,955,771	28,429,446	36,891,364	34,623,415	33,603,171
11,095,734	15,465,702	19,440,126	6,765,954	14,778,584
<u>\$ 212,915,127</u>	<u>\$ 225,414,363</u>	<u>\$ 237,203,246</u>	<u>\$ 231,275,718</u>	<u>\$ 239,994,023</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
Primary Government - Governmental Activities	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses:				
General government	\$ 4,504,965	\$ 3,364,448	\$ 4,442,304	\$ 5,216,451
Public safety	6,443,432	6,534,163	6,786,540	7,193,436
Public works	11,131,852	9,632,224	7,311,563	14,292,509
Community development	3,006,793	2,157,181	795,924	33,365
Community services	2,662,570	2,412,473	2,982,588	3,443,203
Interest and other charges	38,756	473,629	510,656	260
Total expenses	<u>27,788,368</u>	<u>24,574,118</u>	<u>22,829,575</u>	<u>30,179,224</u>
Program revenues:				
Charges for services:				
General government	7,491	6,525	29,939	43,159
Public safety	264,526	228,485	169,945	171,132
Public works	633,760	680,933	641,538	616,780
Community development	915,013	1,267,026	1,654,126	1,581,191
Community services	14,763	15,503	14,415	13,554
Operating grants and contributions:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	188,168	171,280	129,919	161,294
Public works	3,087,242	2,225,067	2,398,730	2,114,326
Community development	90,527	7,531	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions:				
Public safety	3,919	14,607	57,906	44,201
Public works	2,521,375	1,001,539	7,518,761	7,474,170
Community development	97,874	20,656	825,552	1,103,734
Community services	3,505	7,166	25,471	21,964
Total program revenues	<u>7,828,163</u>	<u>5,646,318</u>	<u>13,466,302</u>	<u>13,345,505</u>
Net revenues (expenses)	<u>(19,960,205)</u>	<u>(18,927,800)</u>	<u>(9,363,273)</u>	<u>(16,833,719)</u>
General revenues and other changes in net position:				
Taxes:				
Sales taxes	3,310,542	3,905,548	3,845,273	5,776,818
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	4,781,106	4,790,367	5,017,404	5,026,723
Redevelopment Agency tax increment, restricted	3,903,872	3,644,069	2,152,407	-
Motor vehicle in lieu taxes, unrestricted	118,547	150,977	-	-
Transient occupancy tax	2,143,120	2,417,169	2,685,546	5,604,278
Franchise taxes	1,002,546	1,031,099	1,187,154	1,152,381
Other taxes	585,546	393,853	456,783	557,042
Use of money and property	163,884	231,090	207,471	132,736
Other	435,079	426,543	765,646	872,273
Transfer in from City of Santa Barbara	-	-	-	-
Total general revenues	<u>16,444,242</u>	<u>16,990,715</u>	<u>16,317,684</u>	<u>19,122,251</u>
Extraordinary item:				
Gain on dissolution of Redevelopment Agency	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,726,548</u>	<u>-</u>
Changes in net position	<u>\$ (3,515,963)</u>	<u>\$ (1,937,085)</u>	<u>\$ 16,680,959</u>	<u>\$ 2,288,532</u>

2014	2015	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2018	2019
		2016	2017		
\$ 5,071,322	\$ 5,563,514	\$ 5,910,221	\$ 6,755,208	\$ 12,562,598	\$ 6,819,954
7,386,485	7,598,735	7,611,834	7,741,361	8,582,868	8,046,890
10,704,905	8,784,684	9,350,254	10,965,391	18,234,912	12,815,954
34,194	297,547	44,509	49,858	425,086	756,848
4,385,593	4,270,831	4,363,053	6,359,917	5,273,153	6,148,076
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>27,582,499</u>	<u>26,515,311</u>	<u>27,279,871</u>	<u>31,871,735</u>	<u>45,078,617</u>	<u>34,587,722</u>
43,744	48,740	32,874	18,929	464	18,431
176,260	197,928	156,125	129,051	125,000	-
1,194,632	1,241,016	1,258,930	1,338,942	737,673	718,392
2,040,086	1,664,052	2,156,101	2,234,166	1,268,821	1,023,206
15,567	17,665	17,799	18,419	-	5,433
-	-	-	-	-	15,336
142,605	106,258	114,671	424,256	191,248	150,690
2,564,451	2,342,000	2,117,379	3,289,699	937,123	640,432
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	1,037,379
53,324	34,781	243,648	71,579	688,348	524,007
10,688,258	11,996,936	10,947,335	13,029,843	6,045,265	4,184,252
21,975	374,039	373,338	21,517	634,694	1,057,706
44,096	25,744	156,033	59,491	130,502	995,705
<u>16,984,998</u>	<u>18,049,159</u>	<u>17,574,233</u>	<u>20,635,892</u>	<u>10,759,138</u>	<u>10,370,969</u>
<u>(10,597,501)</u>	<u>(8,466,152)</u>	<u>(9,705,638)</u>	<u>(11,235,843)</u>	<u>(34,319,479)</u>	<u>(24,216,753)</u>
6,812,304	6,329,870	6,216,442	6,491,121	7,976,472	8,629,829
5,163,756	5,266,101	5,719,552	6,051,805	6,504,431	6,954,616
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
6,976,954	7,807,830	8,175,456	8,615,207	10,117,460	11,564,512
1,223,935	1,272,418	1,241,017	1,202,162	1,325,238	1,409,104
247,795	274,256	292,277	246,876	1,253,424	1,716,932
112,050	90,723	126,310	148,899	747,399	1,264,583
378,825	341,687	433,820	781,108	851,175	610,827
-	-	-	-	-	341,749
<u>20,915,619</u>	<u>21,382,885</u>	<u>22,204,874</u>	<u>23,537,178</u>	<u>20,799,127</u>	<u>32,492,152</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 10,318,118</u>	<u>\$ 12,916,733</u>	<u>\$ 12,499,236</u>	<u>\$ 12,301,335</u>	<u>\$ (13,520,352)</u>	<u>\$ 8,275,399</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2013
		2011	2012	
General fund:				
Reserved	\$ 189,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	<u>7,807,167</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total general fund	<u>\$ 7,996,294</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
 All other governmental funds:				
Reserved	\$ 2,522,135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	8,392,385	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	<u>3,480,094</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 14,394,614</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
 General fund:				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 319,801	\$ 128,085	\$ 536,424
Committed	-	-	-	12,690,889
Assigned	-	23,545,619	14,914,858	516,358
Unassigned	<u>-</u>	<u>504,384</u>	<u>2,914,290</u>	<u>1,766,805</u>
Total general fund	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 24,369,804</u>	<u>\$ 17,957,233</u>	<u>\$ 15,510,476</u>
 All other governmental funds:				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 72,988	\$ 50,000	\$ 185
Restricted	-	13,328,391	13,089,510	12,354,267
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	<u>-</u>	<u>(424,952)</u>	<u>(527,586)</u>	<u>(645,505)</u>
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,976,427</u>	<u>\$ 12,611,924</u>	<u>\$ 11,708,947</u>

Note: GASB 54 was implemented in 2011, prior years have no comparable data.

2014	2015	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2018	2019
2016	2017				
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 460,192	\$ 410,865	\$ 82,990	\$ 135,766	\$ 50,197	\$ 126,660
12,862,911	12,746,021	15,417,875	14,007,924	10,717,463	10,468,732
-	417,369	977,903	6,356,024	4,448,640	5,351,819
553,862	415,531	1,838,612	938,971	4,286,175	8,144,887
<u>\$ 13,876,965</u>	<u>\$ 13,989,786</u>	<u>\$ 18,317,380</u>	<u>\$ 21,438,685</u>	<u>\$ 19,502,475</u>	<u>\$ 24,092,098</u>
\$ 167	\$ 182	\$ 100,074	\$ 112,700	\$ 13,045	\$ 30,055
15,788,665	17,955,589	28,329,372	36,792,174	34,623,070	33,573,116
-	-	-	-	-	-
(2,359,311)	(330,121)	(729,923)	(1,084,155)	(3,582,604)	(1,078,759)
<u>\$ 13,429,521</u>	<u>\$ 17,625,650</u>	<u>\$ 27,699,523</u>	<u>\$ 35,820,719</u>	<u>\$ 31,053,511</u>	<u>\$ 32,524,412</u>

CITY OF GOLETA
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 16,951,278	\$ 17,460,722	\$ 16,733,812	\$ 19,542,847
Intergovernmental	3,590,007	18,421,878	3,544,582	5,624,425
Charges for services	1,630,733	1,818,583	2,140,438	2,095,880
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	264,525	228,486	169,943	171,132
Use of money and property	282,408	330,722	345,014	301,651
Developer fees	489,825	166,928	6,149,623	3,466,434
Donations	-	-	-	-
Other	435,080	454,838	815,871	872,273
Total revenues	<u>23,643,856</u>	<u>38,882,157</u>	<u>29,899,283</u>	<u>32,074,642</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	3,706,924	3,761,490	4,507,674	4,875,271
Public safety	6,408,887	6,499,618	6,751,995	7,187,085
Public works	5,704,610	4,546,534	4,774,930	6,080,632
Community development	1,330,563	17,132,204	789,001	33,365
Community services	2,574,680	2,410,641	2,980,756	3,441,371
Pass-through to other agencies	1,693,526	1,023,921	-	-
Capital outlay	2,567,257	3,832,456	10,179,990	13,723,359
Debt service:				
Principal	63,615	68,782	495,572	83,033
Interest	38,756	93,853	883,982	260
Bond issuance cost	-	388,720	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>24,088,818</u>	<u>39,758,219</u>	<u>31,363,900</u>	<u>35,424,376</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(444,962)</u>	<u>(876,062)</u>	<u>(1,464,617)</u>	<u>(3,349,734)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Tax allocation bonds issued	-	16,085,000	-	-
Transfer from City of Santa Barbara	-	-	-	-
Discount on bonds issued	-	(253,615)	-	-
Transfers in	2,165,683	16,593,176	247,695	37,052
Transfers out	<u>(2,165,683)</u>	<u>(16,593,176)</u>	<u>(247,695)</u>	<u>(37,052)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>15,831,385</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances, before extraordinary item	(444,962)	14,955,323	(1,464,617)	(3,349,734)
Extraordinary loss on dissolution of Redevelopment Agency	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(5,312,457)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ (444,962)</u>	<u>\$ 14,955,323</u>	<u>\$ (6,777,074)</u>	<u>\$ (3,349,734)</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.48%	1.53%	6.51%	0.38%

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 22,339,191	\$ 22,925,753	\$ 23,649,455	\$ 24,631,621	\$ 26,900,090	\$ 29,929,836
6,400,343	11,740,038	1,923,771	2,358,692	3,175,254	6,221,425
2,697,388	2,353,873	2,864,921	2,963,297	2,131,958	1,765,462
-	4,756	2,436	16,713	276,935	345,157
176,260	197,928	156,125	129,051	157,573	211,003
288,061	279,670	346,146	414,124	747,399	1,264,583
3,918,215	3,904,960	10,426,271	11,877,652	6,269,163	2,230,638
-	-	-	-	-	272,945
378,825	342,685	433,922	781,110	693,602	399,824
36,198,283	41,749,663	39,803,047	43,172,260	40,351,974	42,640,873
4,945,251	5,044,002	6,434,016	6,703,041	6,172,071	7,841,267
7,464,395	7,571,316	7,564,633	7,713,313	8,545,945	8,031,031
5,129,309	4,817,198	4,433,051	5,778,897	12,361,238	7,186,968
34,194	279,741	26,703	32,271	405,516	747,001
4,385,593	4,388,910	4,558,781	6,482,998	4,846,289	5,865,827
-	-	-	-	-	-
14,130,471	15,339,546	2,896,848	4,706,787	14,639,100	7,250,004
22,007	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
36,111,220	37,440,713	25,914,032	31,417,307	46,970,159	36,922,098
87,063	4,308,950	13,889,015	11,754,953	(6,618,185)	5,718,775
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	341,749
-	-	-	-	-	-
14,153,059	2,429,567	1,323,699	67,038	19,919	23,182
(14,153,059)	(2,429,567)	(1,323,699)	(67,038)	(19,919)	(23,182)
-	-	-	-	-	341,749
87,063	4,308,950	13,889,015	11,754,953	(6,618,185)	6,060,524
-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 87,063	\$ 4,308,950	\$ 13,889,015	\$ 11,754,953	\$ (6,618,185)	\$ 6,060,524
0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

CITY OF GOLETA
 ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	City		
	Secured and Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value
2010	\$ 5,149,233,266	\$ 143,525,584	\$ 5,005,707,682
2011	5,199,860,164	185,868,983	5,013,991,181
2012	5,333,232,339	203,847,882	5,129,384,457
2013	5,321,655,710	228,041,081	5,093,614,629
2014	5,476,016,337	250,788,107	5,225,228,230
2015	5,635,342,590	215,724,563	5,419,618,027
2016	6,089,379,285	218,841,848	5,870,537,437
2017	6,399,862,393	241,333,422	6,158,528,971
2018	6,840,489,088	310,162,712	6,530,326,376
2019	7,443,733,341	343,551,969	7,100,181,372

Note:

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values of the Debt Service payment of Goleta Unified School District, Santa Barbara High School District, and Santa Barbara City College.

(A) Effective February 1, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved. See Note 16.

Source: Santa Barbara County Auditor-Controller

Redevelopment Agency			
Secured and Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value (A)	Total Direct Tax Rate (A)
\$ 1,075,227,858	\$ 54,687,971	\$ 1,020,539,887	1.03725%
1,131,416,537	94,950,658	1,036,465,879	1.03725%
1,156,274,956	105,085,071	1,051,189,885	1.03843%
1,187,685,066	129,671,772	1,058,013,294	1.03868%
1,221,226,250	153,699,413	1,067,526,837	1.04228%
1,232,513,103	152,751,877	1,079,761,226	1.04159%
1,278,194,953	161,350,968	1,116,843,985	1.03768%
1,331,787,175	167,186,201	1,164,600,974	1.03373%
1,436,831,839	220,447,902	1,216,383,937	1.04378%
1,536,947,763	231,427,714	1,305,520,049	1.04055%

CITY OF GOLETA
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS PROPERTY TAX RATES
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(rate per \$100 of taxable value)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	2010	2011	2012	2013
City Direct Rates:				
City of Goleta Basic Levy (1)	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Overlapping Rates (2):				
Goleta Unified School District	0.01627	0.01627	0.01627	0.01627
Santa Barbara City College	0.00850	0.00850	0.00850	0.00850
Santa Barbara High School District	0.01248	0.01248	0.01366	0.01391
Rates	<u>1.03725</u>	<u>1.03725</u>	<u>1.03843</u>	<u>1.03868</u>
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 (3)	<u>0.04903</u>	<u>0.04903</u>	<u>0.04903</u>	<u>0.04903</u>
Redevelopment Rate (4)	<u>1.00000</u>	<u>1.00000</u>	<u>1.00000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Direct Rate (5)	<u>0.11701</u>	<u>0.11993</u>	<u>0.12106</u>	<u>0.12288</u>

Notes:

- (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.
- (2) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.
- (3) City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figures.
- (4) Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment for the State of California for the fiscal year 2012-13 and years thereafter.
- (5) Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rate applied to by the government preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenue derived from aircraft. Beginning in fiscal year 2013-14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during fiscal year 2012-13. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

Sources: Santa Barbara Auditor-Controller
City of Goleta, Finance Department

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
0.01383	0.01314	0.01248	0.01061	0.00955	0.00907
0.00850	0.00850	0.00850	0.00731	0.00731	0.00731
0.01995	0.01995	0.01670	0.01581	0.02692	0.02417
1.04228	1.04159	1.03768	1.03373	1.04378	1.04055
0.04903	0.04903	0.04903	0.04903	0.04903	0.04903
-	-	-	-	-	-
0.05104	0.05103	0.05094	0.05095	0.05090	0.05081

CITY OF GOLETA

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago

Taxpayer	Primary Use	2019	
		Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
CWI Santa Barbara Hotel LP	Commercial	\$ 379,311,760	4.51%
SP Maravilla LLC	Institutional	118,022,089	1.40%
Goleta Hollister Apartments LLC	Residential	117,114,813	1.39%
Camino Real II LLC	Commercial	96,999,953	1.15%
Deckers Cabrillo LLC	Commercial	91,296,956	1.09%
Raytheon Company	Unsecured	83,833,814	1.00%
Flir Commercial Vision Systems Inc	Commercial	83,182,969	0.99%
Willow Springs LP	Residential	71,340,746	0.85%
Nassau Land Company LP	Commercial	52,197,476	0.62%
Goleta HHG Hotel Development LP	Commercial	52,102,869	0.62%
Top Ten Total		<u>\$ 1,145,403,445</u>	<u>13.62%</u>
Taxpayer	Primary Use	2010	
		Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
HT-Santa Barbara Inc	Residential	\$ 118,000,000	1.96%
SP Maravilla, LLC	Industrial	107,986,768	1.79%
Camino Real II LLC	Commercial	82,701,363	1.37%
Los Carneros Business Park LP	Commercial	55,925,661	0.93%
Raytheon Co	Commercial	46,632,909	0.77%
Goleta Investment Partners LLC	Commercial	46,405,598	0.77%
Nassau Land Company LP	Commercial	42,867,322	0.71%
IRE-SB, Inc.	Commercial	39,587,918	0.66%
Willow Springs LP	Residential	39,286,429	0.65%
University Business Center Associates	Industrial	37,770,024	0.63%
Top Ten Total		<u>\$ 617,163,992</u>	<u>10.24%</u>

Note: The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: Santa Barbara Auditor-Controller

CITY OF GOLETA
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Collected within the Fiscal Year of Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date (1)	
		Amount	Percent of Levy		Amount	Percent of Levy
2010	\$ 2,081,000	\$ 2,081,000	100.00%	-	\$ 2,081,000	100.00%
2011	2,087,364	2,087,364	100.00%	-	2,087,364	100.00%
2012	2,162,721	2,162,721	100.00%	-	2,162,721	100.00%
2013	2,260,137	2,260,137	100.00%	-	2,260,137	100.00%
2014	2,311,154	2,311,154	100.00%	-	2,311,154	100.00%
2015	2,538,700	2,538,700	100.00%	-	2,538,700	100.00%
2016	2,752,953	2,752,953	100.00%	-	2,752,953	100.00%
2017	2,904,565	2,904,565	100.00%	-	2,904,565	100.00%
2018	3,093,044	3,093,044	100.00%	-	3,093,044	100.00%
2019	3,375,135	3,375,135	100.00%	-	3,375,135	100.00%

- (1) The City participates in the Teeter Plan. The Teeter Plan is an alternative method of apportioning property tax money. Cities participating in the Plan received 95% of the property taxes in advance from the County and the remaining 5% after the County reconciles the Cities' balance on June 30.

Note: The amounts above include the City of Goleta secured property taxes only.

CITY OF GOLETA
REVENUE AND RATES OF TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Transient Occupancy Taxes for the Fiscal Year	Transient Occupancy Tax Rate
2010	\$ 2,143,120	10%
2011	2,417,169	10%
2012 (1)	2,685,546	10%
2013 (2)	5,604,278	12%
2014	6,976,954	12%
2015	7,807,830	12%
2016	8,175,456	12%
2017	8,615,207	12%
2018	10,117,460	12%
2019	11,564,512	12%

Notes:

(1) As of July 1, 2012, the City of Goleta was no longer required to share Transient Occupancy Tax with the County of Santa Barbara under the Revenue Neutrality Agreement.

(2) From July 2012 through December 2012, the tax rate was 10% and then increased to 12% on January 1, 2013

Source: City of Goleta, Finance Department

CITY OF GOLETA
PRINCIPAL TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAXPAYERS
Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago

2019
The Goodland
Hampton Inn
Hilton Garden Inn
Marriott Courtyard
Motel 6
Pacifica Suites
Residence Inn by Marriott
The Ritz-Carlton
South Coast Inn
Super 8 Motel
2010
Bacara Resort & Spa
Hampton Inn
Holiday Inn
Motel 6
Pacifica Suites
South Coast Inn
Super 8 Motel

Note:
Top transient occupancy tax payers are listed in alphabetical order.

Source: City of Goleta, Finance Department

CITY OF GOLETA
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Certificates of Participation	Capital Leases	Loans Payable	Total Governmental Activities	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt per Capita
2010	-	249,394	-	249,394	0.02%	8
2011	-	180,612	-	180,612	0.01%	6
2012	-	105,040	-	105,040	0.01%	4
2013	-	22,007	-	22,007	2.17%	1
2014	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2015	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2016	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2017	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2018	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2019	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City of Goleta, Finance Department

CITY OF GOLETA
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
June 30, 2019

2018-2019 Assessed Valuation:

\$7,100,181,372

	Total Outstanding Debt 6/30/2019	Percentage Applicable (1)	City's Share of Overlapping Debt 6/30/2019
<u>Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt</u>			
Goleta Union School District	\$ 12,755,000	52.668%	\$ 6,717,803
Santa Barbara Unified School District	205,673,746	14.546%	29,917,303
Santa Barbara Community College District	58,885,000	12.803%	7,539,047
City of Goleta	0	100.000%	-
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt			<u>\$ 44,174,153</u>
<u>Overlapping General Fund Debt</u>			
Santa Barbara County General Fund Obligations	\$ 40,610,000	8.568%	\$ 3,479,465
Total Gross Overlapping General Fund Debt			<u>\$ 3,479,465</u>
Less: Santa Barbara County supported obligations			<u>247,615</u>
Total Net Overlapping General Fund Debt			<u>\$ 3,231,850</u>
<u>Overlapping Tax Increment Debt (Successor Agency):</u>	\$ 14,550,000	100.000%	\$ 14,550,000
Total Direct Debt			\$ -
Total Gross Overlapping Debt			\$ 62,203,618
Total Net Overlapping Debt			\$ 61,956,003
Gross Combined Total Debt			\$ 62,203,618 (2)
Net Combined Total Debt			\$ 61,956,003

Ratios to 2018-2019 Assessed Valuations:

Direct Debt	0.00%
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	0.62%
Gross Combined Total Debt	0.88%
Net Combined Total Debt	0.87%

Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$807,385,839):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	1.80%
--------------------------------------	-------

Notes:

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Source: County of Santa Barbara

CITY OF GOLETA
COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2013
		2011	2012	
Assessed valuation	\$ 5,149,233,266	\$ 5,199,860,164	\$ 5,333,232,339	\$ 5,321,655,710
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	1,287,308,317	1,299,965,041	1,333,308,085	1,330,413,928
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	193,096,247	194,994,756	199,996,213	199,562,089
Total net debt applicable to limitation	-	-	-	-
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 193,096,247</u>	<u>\$ 194,994,756</u>	<u>\$ 199,996,213</u>	<u>\$ 199,562,089</u>
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the State.

Source: City of Goleta, Finance Department

2014	2015	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2018	2019
		2016	2017		
\$ 5,476,016,337	\$ 5,635,342,590	\$ 6,089,379,285	\$ 6,399,862,393	\$ 6,840,494,388	\$ 7,443,733,341
25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
1,369,004,084	1,408,835,648	1,522,344,821	1,599,965,598	1,710,123,597	1,860,933,335
15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
205,350,613	211,325,347	228,351,723	239,994,840	256,518,540	279,140,000
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 205,350,613</u>	<u>\$ 211,325,347</u>	<u>\$ 228,351,723</u>	<u>\$ 239,994,840</u>	<u>\$ 256,518,540</u>	<u>\$ 279,140,000</u>
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

CITY OF GOLETA
 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population (1) City of Goleta	Santa Barbara County	City of Goleta		
		Population (1) (in thousands)	Personal Income (2) (in thousands)	Per Capita Income (2) (in thousands)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2010	30,404	424	\$ 1,137,617	\$ 37.4	4.20%
2011	31,099	426	901,342	29.0	4.70%
2012	29,930	427	942,855	31.5	4.40%
2013	29,962	429	1,015,352	33.9	2.90%
2014	30,202	433	1,022,368	33.9	2.60%
2015	30,298	438	994,502	32.8	3.60%
2016	31,235	447	1,015,220	32.5	3.10%
2017	31,760	451	1,085,697	34.2	3.00%
2018	31,949	453	1,110,756	34.8	3.60%
2019	32,759	447	1,168,689	35.7	2.40%

Sources:

- (1) California Department of Finance, HDL Demographics & Economic Statistics
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta)
- (3) California Employment Development Department

CITY OF GOLETA
 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
 Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago

Employer	2019		Employer	2010	
	Number of Employees	Employment % to Total Population		Number of Employees	Employment % to Total Population
University of California, Santa Barbara (1)	6,268	20.07%	Raytheon	1,400	4.66%
Raytheon	1,150	3.68%	Sansum Clinic	1,100	3.66%
Sansum	1,020	3.27%	Citrix Online	544	1.81%
Log Me In	600	1.92%	Bacara Resort	551	1.83%
The Ritz-Carlton	600	1.92%	Goleta Unified School District	550	1.83%
Tecolote Research	570	1.82%	Yardi Systems	445	1.48%
Goleta Union School District	565	1.81%	FLIR	425	1.42%
Jordano's	561	1.80%	Allergan (Inamed)	352	1.17%
Yardi Systems	535	1.71%	Goleta Valley Cottage Hospital	346	1.15%
Deckers Outdoors	476	1.52%	Karl Storz Imaging	342	1.14%
FLIR Commercial Vision Systems	450	1.44%	Jordano's	240	0.80%
AppFolio	400	1.28%	Mentor Corporation	218	0.73%
Karl Storz Imaging	350	1.12%	Costco	200	0.67%
Goleta Cottage Hospital	348	1.11%	Home Depot	178	0.59%
Curvature	315	1.01%	Devereux	150	0.50%
Marborg Industries	307	0.98%			
Medtronic	250	0.80%			
Costco	233	0.75%			
Mentor Corporation	218	0.70%			
Devereux	200	0.64%			

(1) University of California, Santa Barbara is outside of Goleta city limits, but is within close proximity.

Employment data is intended for use as a general guide only. The City of Goleta does not warrant the accuracy of this data. Inquiries should be directed to the respective employer.

Source: City of Goleta, Finance Department

CITY OF GOLETA
FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CITY EMPLOYEES
BY FUNCTION
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government	8.00	7.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	14.55	16.30	16.30	16.40	15.65
Library Department (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.38	9.38
Administrative Services (2)	4.00	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	-	-	-	-	-
Finance Department	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.45	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00
Planning and Environmental Services	12.00	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	13.80	14.80	15.80	15.00	15.00
Neighborhood Services and Public Safety	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Public Works	14.00	15.00	15.00	16.00	16.00	17.90	22.90	22.90	21.90	22.90
Total	46.00	46.70	47.70	48.70	48.70	55.70	64.00	66.00	73.68	74.93

(1) In fiscal year 2017-2018; the City Council approved the transition to assume management and operations of the Goleta Library beginning on July 1, 2018.

(2) Beginning in fiscal year 2014-2015; the Administrative Services has been combined with General Government

CITY OF GOLETA
 OPERATING INDICATORS
 BY FUNCTION
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police (1):										
Calls for Service	21,212	21,002	19,277	19,531	20,077	23,150	25,025	23,894	22,690	21,802
Citations	2,842	2,493	982	1,121	1,586	1,444	1,033	871	834	1,073
Reports Taken	3,230	2,875	3,052	2,857	3,079	3,293	3,238	3,329	3,218	3,204
Fire (2):										
Calls for Service	2,847	3,022	2,536	1,942	3,065	3,751	3,856	3,962	4,140	5,184
Public works (3):										
Street resurfacing (miles)	10.6	10.0	10.4	18.5	5.8	12.9	-	6.7	6.8	3.3

Sources:

- (1) Santa Barbara County Sheriff Department
- (2) Santa Barbara County Fire Department
- (3) City of Goleta's Public Works Department

CITY OF GOLETA
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS
BY FUNCTION
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			2013
		2011	2012		
Public Safety:					
Police Stations (1)	-	-	-	-	-
Fire Stations (2)	3	3	3	3	3
Community Development and Community Services:					
Parks and Open Space - Acreage	440	457	477	477	477
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1
Library	1	1	1	1	1
Historic Stowe House	1	1	1	1	1
Amtrak Restrooms	1	1	1	1	1
Elementary Schools (K - 6)	5	5	5	5	5
Middle Schools (6 - 8)	1	1	1	1	1
High Schools (9 - 12)	1	1	1	1	1
Private Schools	3	3	4	4	4
Special Needs Schools	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works:					
Area of City (Square Miles)	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Miles of Streets	172.3	174.0	174.0	174.0	174.0
Number of Streetlights (3)	85	89	89	98	98
Number of Vehicles (City-wide)	14	14	14	14	14
Corporation Yard	-	1	1	1	1

- (1) City contracts with County of Santa Barbara for Law Enforcement Services.
(2) Fire Department related services are provided by the County Fire Department.
(3) There are one thousand five hundred sixty seven (1,567) streetlights owned and maintained by Southern California Edison (SCE) in addition to those owned and maintained by the City.

Source: Various City of Goleta Departments

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
-	-	-	-	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	3
477	477	477	477	477	477
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
5	5	5	5	5	5
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
4	4	4	4	4	4
-	-	-	-	-	-
8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
174.0	174.0	174.0	174.0	174.0	174.0
103	103	103	103	103	103
14	20	18	21	21	21
1	1	1	1	1	1

ATTACHMENT 2:

Auditor's Letter on Government Auditing Standards

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Honorable Mayor and City Council
City of Goleta
Goleta, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Goleta (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. Findings 2019-1 is a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Goleta's Responses to Findings

The City of Goleta's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of Goleta's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mosa, Rinz & Hutzheim LLP

Santa Maria, California
December 19, 2019

CITY OF GOLETA
SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

FINDING 2019-1
RECEIPTS

Criteria:

All receipt systems should be set up so that individual receipts can easily be traced through the system to the general ledger and bank statements.

Condition:

We were unable to trace individual fees and charges at the library from their system through to the exact deposits made with the bank.

Effect:

There is a risk of misappropriation of assets due to the weakness in control.

Cause:

The Library's fines and fees receipting system does not export to the City's financial system and they were not running reports that would allow individual receipts to be traced all the way through both systems.

Recommendation:

The City should work with the Library system to create a report or process that would allow individual receipts to be matched up with the actual deposits and general ledger entries.

City's Corrective Action Plan:

City staff has already begun the process of reviewing its reconciliation method and available reporting options with both the Polaris Integrated Library System (Polaris) and library register that will allow individual receipts to match up with actual deposits made to the bank and reconcile with general ledger entries.

The receipts and reports currently supplied with the deposit package to the Finance Department only summarize the total amounts. The updated process will include Library staff attaching an itemized report from the Polaris system and an itemized transaction receipt from the library register to the deposit package. The deposit package will be given to the Finance Department for bank processing and posting to the general ledger. The additional reports and receipts will allow the individual library fees and charges to be easily trace to the exact deposit made with the bank. The Polaris system accounts for library late fees and lost items. The library register accounts for all transactions, including Polaris transactions, donations, book sales, copies, room rentals, and other miscellaneous items.

ATTACHMENT 3:

Auditor's Letter to Finance and Audit Committee

December 12, 2019

To the City Council of the
City of Goleta

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Goleta as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated April 18, 2019. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Goleta are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the fiscal year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the City's financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on experience with other capital assets and on their standard table of useful lives. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the allowance for bad debt is based on their past experience with the collectability of the billings to their customers. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance for bad debt in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to pension are based on the CalPERS actuary's expertise and experience. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to pension in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and deferred inflows and outflows is based on the actuary's expertise and experience. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the OPEB liability and deferred inflows and outflows in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The disclosure of the Changes in Long-Term Liabilities including the Successor Agency Settlement Agreement, the Net Pension Liability and the OPEB Obligation in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 12, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of the City of Goleta and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Moss, Levy & Halgreim LLP

Santa Maria, California

ATTACHMENT 4:

Independent Accountant's Report on Gann Spending Limit

**Independent Accountant's Report on Agreed-Upon Procedures
Applied to Appropriations Limit Worksheets**

The City Council of the
City of Goleta

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by City of Goleta and the League of California Cities (as presented in the League publication entitled *Article XIII B Appropriations Limitation Uniform Guidelines*), solely to assist you in meeting the requirements of Section 1.5 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. City of Goleta's management is responsible for the Appropriations Limit worksheet No. 6. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in the report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below, either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures performed and our findings were as follows:

1. We obtained the completed worksheets No. 1 through No. 7 (or other alternative computations) and compared the limit and annual adjustment factors included in those worksheets to the limit and annual adjustment factors that were adopted by resolution of the City Council. We also compared the population and inflation options included in the aforementioned worksheets to those that were selected by a recorded vote of the City Council.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

2. For the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet No. 6, we added line A, last fiscal year's limit, to line E, total adjustments, and compared the resulting amount to line F, this fiscal year's limit.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

3. We compared the current fiscal year information presented in the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet No. 6 to the other worksheets described in No. 1 above.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

4. We compared the prior fiscal year appropriations limit presented in the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet No. 6 to the prior fiscal year appropriations limit adopted by the City Council during the prior fiscal year.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an audit, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet No. 6. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you. No procedures have been performed with respect to the determination of the appropriation limit for the base fiscal year, as defined by Article XIII-B of the California Constitution.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City of Goleta and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Moss, Rinz & Hartgrain LLP

December 12, 2019
Santa Maria, California

CITY OF GOLETA
APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT WORKSHEET #6
FY 2018-2019

		<u>AMOUNT</u>
A.	LAST FISCAL YEAR'S LIMIT	\$ 39,304,146
B.	ADJUSTMENT FACTORS	
	1. Population %	1.0103%
	2. Change in Assessed Valuation in New Non-Residential Construction %	1.3330%
	Total Adjustment Factor	1.3467%
C.	ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT	\$ 13,627,923
D.	OTHER ADJUSTMENTS:	
	Assumed Responsibility - Booking Fees	
	Property Tax Collections	-
	Sub-total	-
E.	TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	\$ 13,627,923
F.	CURRENT FISCAL YEAR LIMIT	\$ 52,932,069

ATTACHMENT 5:

Presentation - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

City of Goleta
Council Meeting
February 4, 2020



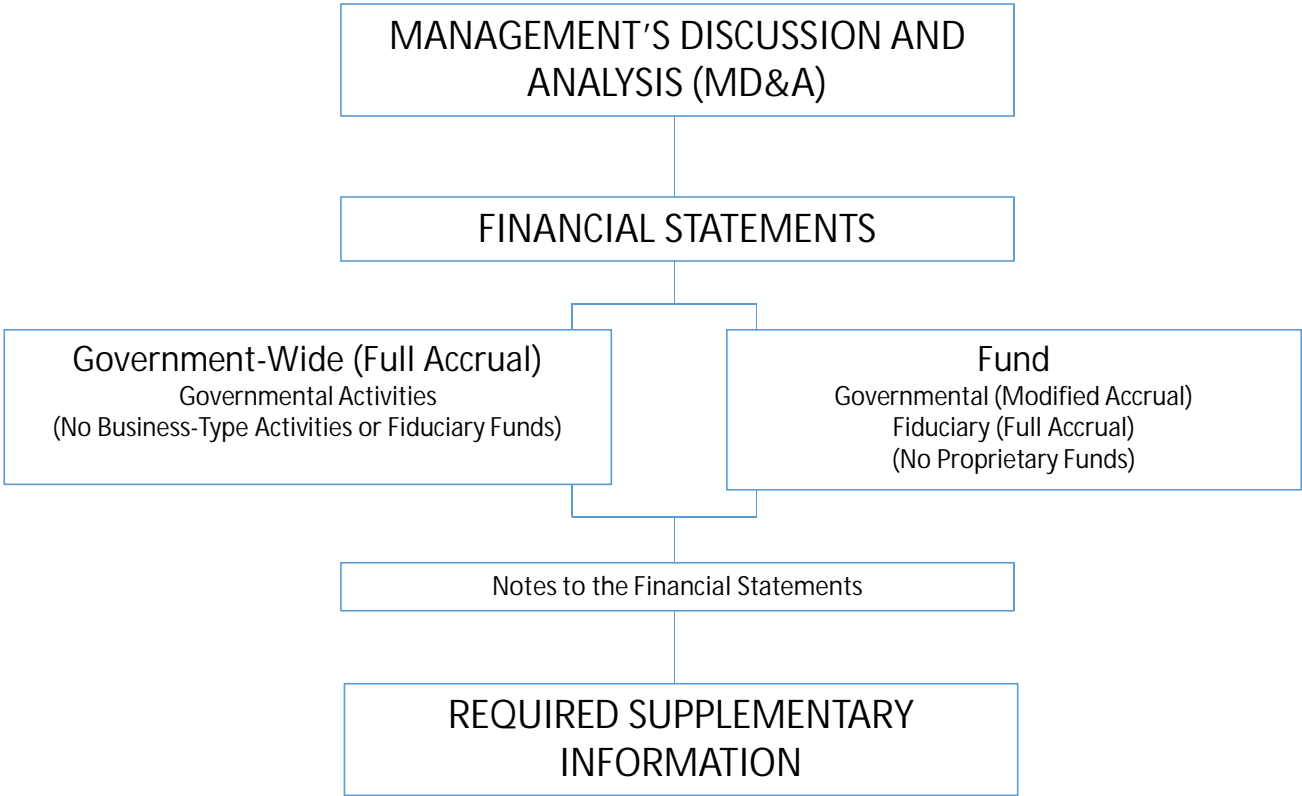
Presentation Outline

- ▶ **CAFR Background**
- ▶ **CAFR Reporting Model**
- ▶ **CAFR Financial Highlights**
- ▶ **Certificates of Achievement**
- ▶ **Auditors Communication and Summary of Results**

CAFR - Background

- ▶ Annual audit required; contract with independent CPA firm
- ▶ Annual financial report prepared in accordance with nationally recognized accounting principles and financial reporting standards
- ▶ Communicates and presents the financial condition and results of operations of the City as a whole and for individual funds
- ▶ “Comprehensive” because it includes information not required by financial reporting regulations
- ▶ Received an unmodified (“clean”) opinion for FY 2018/19
- ▶ No Single Audit required this year

CAFR Reporting Model



Financial Highlights - Summary of Net Position

	2019	2018
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 61,573,694	\$ 55,646,474
Capital Assets	191,612,268	189,886,349
Total Assets	253,185,962	245,532,823
Deferred outflow of resources	1,944,940	1,965,175
Liabilities	4,917,184	4,930,987
Long Term Liabilities:		
Due in one year	870,790	1,352,373
Due in more than one year	9,159,787	9,587,107
Total Liabilities	14,947,761	15,870,467
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred pension	119,490	140,036
Deferred OPEB	69,628	211,777
Deferred inflow of resources	189,118	351,813
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		
Depreciation and related debt	191,612,268	189,886,349
Restricted	33,603,171	34,623,415
Unrestricted	14,778,584	6,765,954
Total Net Position	\$ 239,994,023	\$ 231,275,718

Financial Highlights - General Fund

- ▶ **General Fund reported total revenue of \$30.0 million and total expenditures of \$25.4 million**
 - ▶ Excess revenues over expenditures at approximately \$4.6 million
 - ▶ Result of higher than anticipated tax revenues and projects not completed in FY 19/20, which will be carried over

- ▶ **Ending Fund Balance reported at approximately \$24.1 million**
 - ▶ A increase of \$4.6 million or 24% from the \$19.5 million ending fund balance last fiscal year

Financial Highlights

General Fund – Fund Balance

GASB 54 Fund Balance Reporting:

Fund Balance:		
Non-spendable		
Prepaid Items	\$	126,660
Committed		10,468,732
Assigned		5,351,819
Unassigned		8,144,887
Total Fund Balance	\$	24,092,098

City Fund Balance Categories:

GASB 54	Classification	FY 2018/19 CAFR
Committed	Public Facilities	830,108
Committed	Capital Equipment	624,869
Committed	Compensated Leave	237,123
Committed	Risk Management	200,000
Committed	Litigation Defense Fund	300,000
Committed	Contingency	8,276,632
Assigned	OPEB UAL	333,500
Assigned	CalPERS UAL	170,000
Assigned	CIP Projects	2,745,358
Assigned	Encumbrances	2,102,961
Non-spendable	Prepays and Deposit	126,660
Unassigned	Unassigned Fund Balance	8,144,887
	Total	\$ 24,092,098

- ▶ Includes \$10.5 million committed as set by City Council reserve policies with \$8.3 million reserved for contingencies
- ▶ Unassigned Fund Balance at \$8.1 million at fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

Certificates of Achievements

- ▶ CAFR submitted to the Governmental Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Award Program
- ▶ City has received the GFOA award of excellence for 16 consecutive years

Auditors Communication and Summary of Results

- ▶ Adam Guise, CPA – Audit Partner of Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP

Questions?